

SCHOOL DISTRICT – Non-Instructional Operations and Business Services

700 Series

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Policy 700: Purpose of Noninstructional and Business Services

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/10/2022 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 03/10/2022

11-21-22

This series of the board policy manual is devoted to the goals and objectives for the school district's noninstructional services and business operations that assist in the delivery of the education program. These noninstructional services include, but are not limited to, transportation, the school lunch program and child care. The board, as it deems necessary, will provide additional noninstructional services to support the education program. To the extent a group of employees has a recognized collective bargaining unit, the provisions of the master contract regarding such topics shall prevail.

It is the goal of the board to provide noninstructional services and to conduct its business operations in an efficient manner.

Cross References

Code

802.07

Description

Energy Conservation

Policy 701.01: Depository of Funds

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/10/2022 | **Last Revised Date:** 12/19/2023 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 11-21-22
12/19/2023

Each year at its annual meeting, the board will designate by resolution the name and location of the Iowa located financial depository institution or institutions to serve as the official school district depository or depositories. The board will also designate the maximum amount which may be kept on deposit in each bank. This amount will be designated the first time a new depository is identified, and will be reviewed at least once every [five] years or when an increase or additional depository is needed. The amount stated in the resolution must be for all depositories and include all of the school district's funds.

It is the responsibility of the board secretary to include the resolution in the minutes of the meeting.

Note: While this policy is not mandatory, the content of it is. The requirement to review the amount designated is not a legal requirement, but is a best practice. Districts have flexibility in determining how frequently to review this.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 12C.2; 279.33

I.C. Iowa Code

Iowa Code § 12C.2

Description

Deposit of Public Funds - Approval

Iowa Code § 279.33

Directors - Powers and Duties - Annual Settlements

Cross References

Code

206.03

Description

Secretary (I, II)

206.04

Treasurer

210.01

Annual Meeting

702

Cash in School Buildings

704.01

Local - State - Federal - Miscellaneous Revenue

Policy 701.02: Transfer of Funds

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/10/2022 | **Last Revised Date:** 12/19/2023 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 11-21-22
12/19/2023

When the necessity for a fund has ceased to exist, the balance may be transferred to another fund or account by board resolution. School district monies received without a designated purpose may be transferred in this manner. School district monies received for a specific purpose or upon vote of the people may only be transferred, by board resolution when the purpose for which the monies were received has been completed. Voter approval is required to transfer monies to the general fund from the capital projects fund and debt service fund.

If all requirements for district use of funds under the Preschool Foundation Aid, Professional Development Supplement, Home School Assistance Program, Teacher Leadership Supplement or any discontinued fund teacher have been met and funds remain unexpended and unobligated at the end of the fiscal year, the district may transfer all or a portion of remaining funds by passage of a board resolution into the district's flexibility account in accordance with law. Before the expenditure of amounts in the flexibility account, the district shall publish notice of the time, date, and place of a public hearing on the proposed resolution approving said expenditures. The board must find and certify that the statutory requirements of each original source of funds have been met before adopting the resolution approving the expenditures. The district will present a copy of the signed board resolution to the Department of Education.

The District may transfer by board resolution from the general fund to the student activity fund an amount needed to purchase or refurbish protective and safety equipment required for any extracurricular interscholastic athletic contest or competition sponsored or administered by the Iowa High School Athletic Association of Iowa Girls High School Athletic Union.

If the before and after school program exceeds the amount necessary to operate the program, the excess amount may, following a public hearing, be transferred by resolution of the board of directors of the school corporation for deposit in the general fund of the school corporation to be used for school district general fund purposes. The district will present a copy of the signed board resolution to the Department of Education.

Beginning in FY 2024, unexpended and unobligated dollars that remain at the end of a fiscal year in addition to ongoing revenues may be transferred to the Teacher Salary Supplement (TSS) program from Professional Development Supplement (PDS), Talented and Gifted (TAG), and Teacher Leadership Supplement (TLS) without board action.

The district may choose to request approval from the School Budget Review Committee to transfer funds to make a program whole, prior to its elimination.

Temporary transfers (loans) of funds are permitted between funds but must be repaid to the originating fund, with interest, by Oct. 1 following the end of the fiscal year.

It is the responsibility of the board secretary to make recommendations to the board regarding transfers and to provide the documentation justifying the transfer.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 24.21-.22; 257.10, 279.8; 279.42; 298A.
289 I.A.C. 6

I.C. Iowa Code	Description
Iowa Code § 24	<u>Local Budgets</u>
Iowa Code § 257.10	<u>District Cost Per Pupil</u>
Iowa Code § 279.42	<u>Directors - Powers and Duties-Gifts to Schools</u>
Iowa Code § 279.8	<u>Directors - General Rules - Bonds of Employees</u>
Iowa Code § 298A	<u>School District Fund Structure</u>
I.A.C. Iowa Administrative Code	Description
289 I.A.C. 6	<u>School Budget Review - Duties and Procedures</u>

Cross References

Code	Description
701.03	<u>Financial Records</u>
704.02	<u>Debt Management</u>
704.02-R(1)	<u>Debt Management - Post-Issuance Compliance Regulation for Tax-Exempt Obligations</u>

Policy 701.03: Financial Records

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/10/2022 | **Last Revised Date:** 01/10/2024 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 11-21-22
01/10/2024

Financial records of the school district are maintained in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as required or modified by law. School district monies are received and expended from the appropriate fund and/or account. The funds and accounts of the school district will include, but not be limited to:

Governmental Fund Type

- General Fund - This fund is the chief operating fund of the district. It is used to account for all financial resources except those accounted for and reported in another fund.
- Special Revenue Fund - These funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources other than trusts or major capital projects, that are legally restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.
 - Management Levy Fund
 - Public Education and Recreation Levy Fund (PERL)
 - Student activity Fund
- Capital Projects Fund - These funds are used to account for financial resources to acquire or construct major capital facilities or other capital assets (other than those of proprietary funds and trust funds) and to account for revenues from SAVE.
 - Physical Plant and Equipment Levy Fund (PPEL)
 - Secure and Advanced Vision for Education (SAVE)
- Debt Service Fund – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

Proprietary Fund Type – These funds account for operations of the school district operated similar to private business for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services, or they account for the costs of providing goods and services provided by one department to other departments on a cost reimbursement basis.

- Enterprise Fund
 - School Nutrition Fund
 - Child Care Fund
 - Internal Service Fund
 - Community Education
 - Preschool (nonvoluntary, state)

Fiduciary Funds-These funds are used to account for monies or assets held by the school district on behalf of, or in trust for, another entity.

- Trust
 - Expendable Trust Funds
 - Nonexpendable Trust Funds

- Pension Trust Funds
- Custodial Funds

Non-Fiduciary Scholarship Fund

Account Groups- The groups are the accounting records for capital assets and long-term debt.

- General capital assets account group
- General long-term debt account group

The board may establish other funds in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and may certify other taxes to be levied for the funds as provided by state law. The status of each fund must be included in the annual report.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent in conjunction with the school business official to implement this policy and bring necessary changes in the maintenance of the school district's financial records to the attention of the board.

NOTE: The list of funds above does not include the "Library levy fund," which is only available to one school district. The school district eligible to levy the library levy must add this fund to its policy.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§291; 298; 298A.
281 I.A.C. 98

I.C. Iowa Code

Iowa Code § 291

Description

Board Officers

Iowa Code § 298A

School District Fund Structure

I.A.C. Iowa Administrative Code

281 I.A.C. 98

Description

Education - Categorical Funding

Cross References

Code

701.02

Description

Transfer of Funds

701.04

Governmental Accounting Practices & Regulations

802.04

Capital Assets

802.04-R(1)

Capital Assets - Regulation

802.04-R(2)

Capital Assets - Management System Definitions

Policy 701.04: Governmental Accounting Practices & Regulations

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/10/2022 | **Last Revised Date:** 12/19/2023 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 11-21-22
12/19/2023

School district accounting practices will follow state and federal laws and regulations, generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and the uniform financial accounting system provided by the Iowa Department of Education. As advised by the school district's auditor, determination of liabilities and assets, prioritization of expenditures of governmental funds and provisions for accounting disclosures shall be made in accordance with governmental accounting standards.

In Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54, the board identifies the order of spending unrestricted resources applying the highest level of classification of fund balance - restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned - while honoring constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those fund balances can be spent. A formal board action is required to establish, modify and or rescind a committed fund balance. The resolution will state the exact dollar amount. In the event, the board chooses to make changes or rescind the committed fund balance, formal board action is required.

The Board authorizes the or board secretary to assign amounts to a specific purpose in compliance with GASB 54. An 'assigned fund balance' should also be reported in the order of spending unrestricted resources, but is not restricted or committed.

Fund Balance Reporting

Financial reporting for the balances in the District's governmental funds is based on Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Types Definitions. Fund balance refers to the difference between assets and liabilities in the governmental funds balance sheets. GASB 54 established a hierarchy that is based on "the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which the amounts in those funds can be spent."

The governmental funds can have up to five fund balance classifications. The classifications are defined below from most to least restrictive.

Nonspendable Fund Balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. This includes items not expected to be converted to cash, including inventories and prepaid expenses. It may also include other property acquired for resale and the principal of a permanent fund.

Restricted Fund Balance should be reported when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or law or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. This includes "categorical balances."

Committed Fund Balance reflects specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the board. Such constraints can only be removed or changed by board action.

Assigned Fund Balance reflects amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes but meet neither the restricted nor committed forms of constraint. Unless the amount is negative, the assigned fund balance is the residual classification for the governmental funds other than the general fund. If the amount is negative, then the residual amount is shown as unassigned.

Unassigned Fund Balance is the residual classification for the general fund only. As noted above, if a negative residual amount exists in other governmental funds then the amount is reported as unassigned.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to develop administrative regulations implementing this policy. It is also the responsibility of the superintendent to make recommendations to the board regarding fund balance designations.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 257.31(4); 279.8; 297.22-.25; 298A.

I.C. Iowa Code	Description
Iowa Code § 257.31	<u>Finance Program - Committee</u>
Iowa Code § 279.8	<u>Directors - General Rules - Bonds of Employees</u>
Iowa Code § 297	<u>School Houses/Sites</u>
Iowa Code § 298A	<u>School District Fund Structure</u>

Cross References

Code	Description
701.03	<u>Financial Records</u>

Policy 701.05: Fiscal Management

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 01/26/2023 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 01/26/2023

11-21-22

The Board recognizes its fiduciary responsibility to oversee the management of school district funds in keeping with the school district vision, mission and goals. To achieve this purpose, the board may engage in learning about the financial needs, operations and requirements of the district as appropriate for the board's understanding of the district's financial position. The Board also commits to engaging in annual financial goal setting for the district based upon measurable data and projections for the district.

After the fiscal year has closed, the Superintendent or their designee will provide to the Board concise, timely, well organized financial data. The Board will exercise its oversight responsibilities by reviewing relevant PK-12 public education sector indicators to understand the financial trends of the district.

The board will establish and review financial goals annually. The District will measure whether these goals were obtained as of June 30, but only after completion of the Certified Annual Report due September 15th each year.

Providing the best possible educational experience for all students and meeting federal, state, and local academic goals for each student requires maximizing General Fund resources for use in the instructional program. The board may request from the School Budget Review Committee (SBRC) additional modified spending authority (MSA) where it may be available for items such as:

- Special education deficit balances
- Advances to support increasing student enrollment
- Supports for students identified as English Learners
- At risk / dropout prevention programming
- Initial staffing associated with opening new buildings or programs
- Any other lawful purpose

Any award of modified supplement amount will be levied as a cash reserve based on the recommendation of the superintendent/designee and approved by the Board of Education in keeping with the fiscal management performance measures provided for in district policy.

Legal Reference: *Iowa Code* §§ 257.7, 31; 279.8

NOTE: Districts should include any optional uses of MSA the district uses to the bulleted list.

I.C. Iowa Code

Iowa Code § 257.31

Description

Finance Program - Committee

Iowa Code § 279.8

Directors - General Rules - Bonds of Employees

Iowa Code § 257.7

Authorized Expenditures

Policy 702: Cash in School Buildings

Status: ADOPTED

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The amount of cash that may be kept in the school building for any one day is sufficient for that day's operations. Funds raised by students are kept in the board secretary's office.

A minimal amount of cash is kept in the central administration office at the close of the day. Excess cash is deposited in the authorized depository of the school district.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent or the superintendent's designee to develop administrative regulations to determine the amount of cash necessary for each day's operations, to establish any necessary petty cash accounts, to determine how often deposits must be made and to comply with this policy.

NOTE: It is best practice for districts to specify the amount of petty cash they will keep on hand, establish any needed petty cash accounts and determine how often deposits will be made. However, there are no legal requirements for these practices. These should reflect the needs of your district.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code § 279.8

I.C. Iowa Code

Iowa Code § 279.8

Description

Directors - General Rules - Bonds of Employees

Cross References

Code

701.01

Description

Depository of Funds

Policy 703.01: Budget Planning

Status: ADOPTED

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12/19/2023

Prior to certification of the budget, the board will review the projected revenues and expenditures for the school district and make adjustments where necessary to carry out the education program within the revenues projected. The budget of the school district is the authority for the expenditures of the school district for the fiscal year for which the budget was adopted and certified. It is the responsibility of the superintendent to operate the school district within the budget.

A budget for the school district is prepared annually for the board's review. The budget will include the following:

- the amount of revenues to be raised by taxation;
- the amount of revenues from sources other than taxation;
- an itemization of the amount to be spent in each fund; and,
- a comparison of the amount spent and revenue received in each fund for like purposes in the two prior fiscal years.

It is the responsibility of the Superintendent and Business Manager to prepare the budget for review by the board prior to the April 30 deadline each year. The District will provide all of the information necessary for the Proposed Property Tax Statement to the Department of Management by March 15.

Mailing of Proposed Property Tax Hearing Statements is completed by the county auditor by March 20. A public hearing for the Proposed Property Taxes is then held not less than 10 days and not more than 20 days prior to the date of hearing. The hearing notice is published in a newspaper designated for official publication in the school district. The hearing notice must also be posted on the district website and district social media accounts on the same day it is published in the newspaper. The hearing on the Proposed Property Tax must be a unique and separate meeting and be the only item on the agenda.

Prior to the adoption of the proposed budget by the board, the public is apprised of the proposed budget for the school district. Prior to the adoption of the proposed budget by the board, members of the school district community will have an opportunity to review and comment on the proposed budget. A public hearing for the proposed budget of the board is held each year in sufficient time to file the adopted budget no later than April 30.

The proposed budget filed by the board with the board secretary and the time and place for the public hearing on the proposed budget is published in a newspaper designated for official publication in the school district. It is the responsibility of the board secretary to publish the proposed budget and public hearing information at least 10 but no more than 20 days prior to the

public hearing.

The board will adopt and certify a budget for the operation of the school district to the county auditor by April 30. It is the responsibility of the board secretary to file the adopted and certified budget with the county auditor and the Iowa Department of Management.

The board may amend the budget for the fiscal year in the event of unforeseen circumstances. The amendment procedures will follow the procedures for public review and adoption of the original budget by the board outlined in these policies.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent and the board secretary to bring any budget amendments necessary to the attention of the board to allow sufficient time to file the amendment with the county auditor no later than May 31 of each year.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 24; 257; 279.8; 297; 298; 618.

I.C. Iowa Code

Iowa Code § 24

Description

Local Budgets

Iowa Code § 257

Financing School Programs

Iowa Code § 279.8

Directors - General Rules - Bonds of Employees

Iowa Code § 297

School Houses/Sites

Iowa Code § 298

School Taxes and Bonds

Iowa Code § 618

Publications and Posting of Notices

Cross References

Code

214

Description

Public Hearings

Policy 704.01: Local - State - Federal - Miscellaneous Revenue

Status: ADOPTED

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11-21-22

Revenues of the school district are received by the board treasurer. Other persons receiving revenues on behalf of the school district will promptly turn them over to the board treasurer.

Revenue, from whatever source, is accounted for and classified under the official accounting system of the school district. It is the responsibility of the board treasurer to deposit the revenues received by the school district in a timely manner. School district funds from all sources will not be used for private gain or political purposes.

Tuition fees received by the school district are deposited in the general fund. The tuition fees for kindergarten through twelfth grade during the regular academic school year are set by the board based upon the superintendent's recommendation in compliance with current law. Tuition fees for summer school, driver's education and adult education are set by the board prior to the offering of the programs.

The board may charge materials fees for the use or purchase of educational materials. Materials fees received by the school district are deposited in the general fund. It is the responsibility of the superintendent to recommend to the board when materials fees will be charged and the amount of the materials fees.

Rental fees received by the school district for the rental of school district equipment or facilities are deposited in the general fund. It is the responsibility of the superintendent to recommend to the board a fee schedule for renting school district property.

Proceeds from the sale of real property are placed in the physical plant and equipment levy (PPEL) fund. However, following a properly noticed public hearing, the board of directors may elect to deposit proceeds from the sale of real property or buildings into any fund under the control of the school corporation. Notice for the public hearing must be published in a newspaper of general circulation within the district not less than ten and no more than twenty days prior to the proposed public hearing. Notice of the public hearing must include the date, time and location of the public hearing, and a description of the proposed action. The proceeds from the sale of other school district property are placed in the general fund.

The board may claim exemption from the law prohibiting competition with private enterprise for the following activities:

- Goods and services directly and reasonably related to the educational mission;
- Goods and services offered only to students, employees or guests which cannot be provided by private enterprise at the same or lower cost;
- Use of vehicles for charter trips offered to the public, full- or part-time, or temporary students;

- Goods and services which are not otherwise available in the quantity or quality required by the school district;
- Telecommunications other than radio or television stations;
- Sponsoring or providing facilities for fitness and recreation;
- Food service and sales; and,
- Sale of books, records, tapes, software, educational equipment, and supplies.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to bring to the board's attention additional sources of revenue for the school district.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 12C; 23A; 24.9; 257.2; 279.8; 41; 282.2, .6, .24; 291.12, 297.9-.12, .22; 301.1.

I.C. Iowa Code	Description
Iowa Code § 12C	<u>Deposit of Public Funds</u>
Iowa Code § 23A	<u>Noncompetition by Government</u>
Iowa Code § 24.9	<u>Notice of Hearings</u>
Iowa Code § 257.2	<u>Finance Programs Definitions</u>
Iowa Code § 279.8	<u>Directors - General Rules - Bonds of Employees</u>
Iowa Code § 282.2	<u>Attendance and Tuition - Offsetting Taxes</u>
Iowa Code § 282.24	<u>Attendance and Tuition - Fees</u>
Iowa Code § 282.6	<u>Attendance and Tuition - Tuition</u>
Iowa Code § 291.12	<u>Board Officers - Duties of Treasurer</u>
Iowa Code § 297	<u>School Houses/Sites</u>
Iowa Code § 301.1	<u>Textbooks - Adoption, Purchase, Sale</u>
Iowa Code § 279.41	<u>Schoolhouses and Sites Sold</u>

Cross References

Code	Description
701.01	<u>Depository of Funds</u>
705.04	<u>Expenditures for a Public Purpose</u>
705.04-R(1)	<u>Expenditures for a Public Purpose - Use of Public Funds Regulation</u>

Policy 704.02: Debt Management

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/10/2022 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 03/10/2022

11-21-22

DEBT LIMITS

Credit Ratings

The school district seeks to maintain the highest possible credit ratings for all categories of short- and long-term debt that can be achieved without compromising the delivery of services and the achievement of adopted objectives. The school district recognizes that external economic, natural, or other events may from time to time affect the creditworthiness of its debt. Nevertheless, the school district is committed to ensuring that actions within their control are prudent.

Debt Limits

For general obligation debt, the school district's outstanding debt limit shall be no more than five percent (5%) of the actual value of property within the school district's boundaries, as prescribed the Iowa constitution and statutory restrictions.

For revenue debt, the school district's goal is to provide adequate debt service coverage of at least 1.20 times the annual debt service costs.

In accordance with Iowa law, the school district may not act as a conduit issuer or issue municipal securities to raise capital for revenue-generating projects where the funds generated are used by a third party ("conduit borrower") to make payments to investors.

PURPOSES AND USES OF DEBT

Capital Planning

To enhance creditworthiness and prudent financial management, the school district is committed to systematic capital planning, intergovernmental cooperation and coordination and long-term financial planning.

Capital Financing

The school district may issue long-term debt for capital projects as authorized by Iowa law, which include, but are not limited to, the costs of planning, design, land acquisition, buildings, permanent structures, attached fixtures or equipment, and movable pieces of equipment. Capitalized interest may be included in sizing any capital project debt issue. The types of debt instruments to be used by the school district include:

- General Obligation Bonds
- General Obligation Capital Loan Notes
- Bond Anticipation Notes
- Revenue Anticipation Notes
- School Infrastructure Sales, Services and Use Tax Revenue Bonds
- Lease Purchase Agreements, including Certificates of Participation

Working Capital Financing

The school district may issue debt for working capital for operations after cash flow analysis has determined that there is a mismatch between available cash and cash outflows. The school district shall strive to repay working capital debt by the end of the fiscal year in which the debt was incurred. A Working Capital Reserve may be included in sizing any working capital debt issue.

Refundings

Periodic reviews of all outstanding debt will be undertaken to determine if refunding opportunities exist. Refunding will be considered (within federal tax law restraints) if and when there is a net economic benefit of the refunding or if the refunding is otherwise in the best interests of the school district, such as to release restrictive bond covenants which affect the operations and management of the school district.

In general, advance refundings for economic savings will be undertaken when a net present value savings exceeds three percent of the refunded debt can be achieved. Current refundings, which produce a new present value savings of less than three percent will be considered on a case by case basis taking into consideration bond covenants and general conditions. Refundings with negative savings will not be considered unless there is a compelling public policy objective for doing so.

DEBT STANDARDS AND STRUCTURE

Length of Debt

Debt will be structured for the shortest period consistent with a fair allocation of costs to current and future beneficiaries or users. Long-term debt will not be issued for periods exceeding the useful life or average useful lives of the project or projects to be financed. All debt issued will adhere to state and federal law regarding the length of time the debt may be outstanding.

Debt Structure

Debt will be structured to achieve the lowest possible net cost to the school district given market conditions, the urgency of the capital project, the type of debt being issued, and the nature and type of repayment source. To the extent possible, the school district will design the repayment of its overall debt to rapidly recapture its credit capacity for future use.

Generally, the school district will only issue fixed-rate debt. In very limited circumstances, the school district may issue variable rate debt, consistent with the limitations of Iowa law and upon a finding of the board that the use of fixed rate debt is not in the best interest of the school district and a statement of the reasons for the use of variable rate debt.

All debt may be structured using discount, par or premium coupons, and as serial or term bonds or notes, or any combination thereof, consistent with Iowa law. The school district should utilize the coupon structure that produces the lowest True Interest Cost (TIC) taking into consideration the call option value of any callable maturities.

The school district will strive to structure their debt in sinking fund installments for each debt issue that achieves, as nearly as practicable, level debt service within an issue or overall debt service within a particular classification of debt.

Derivatives (including, but not limited to, interest rate swaps, caps, collars, corridors, ceiling and floor agreements, forward agreements, float agreements, or other similar financing arrangements), zero-coupon or capital appreciation bonds are not allowed to be issued consistent with State law.

Decision Analysis to Issue Debt

Whenever the school district is contemplating the issuance of debt, information will be developed concerning the following four categories commonly used by rating agencies assessing the school district's credit worthiness, listed below.

Debt Analysis – Debt capacity analysis; purpose for which debt is proposed to be issued; debt structure; debt burden; debt history and trends; and adequacy of debt and capital planning.

Financial Analysis – Stability, diversity, and growth rates of tax or other revenue sources; trend in assessed valuation and collections; current budget trends; appraisal of past revenue and expenditure trends; history and long-term trends of revenues and expenditures; evidences of financial planning; adherence to GAAP; audit results; fund balance status and trends in operating and debt funds; financial monitoring systems and capabilities; and cash flow projections.

Governmental and Administrative Analysis – Government organization structure; location of financial responsibilities and degree of control; adequacy of basic service provision; intergovernmental cooperation/conflict and extent of duplication; and overall planning efforts.

Economic Analysis – Geographic and location advantages; population and demographic characteristics; wealth indicators; types of employment, industry and occupation; housing characteristics; new construction; evidences of industrial decline; and trend of the economy.

DEBT ISSUANCE

Credit Enhancement

Credit enhancements (.i.e., bond insurance, etc.) may be used but only when the net debt service on the debt is reduced by more than the costs of the credit enhancement.

Costs and Fees

All costs and fees related to issuing the debt will be paid out of debt proceeds and allocated across all projects receiving proceeds of the debt issue.

Method of Sale

Generally, all school district debt will be sold through a competitive bidding process. Bids will be awarded on a TIC basis providing other bidding requirements are satisfied.

The school district may sell debt using a negotiated process in extraordinary circumstances when the complexity of the issue requires specialized expertise, when the negotiated sale would result in substantial savings in time or money, or when market conditions of school district credit are unusually volatile or uncertain.

Professional Service Providers

The school district will retain external bond counsel for all debt issues. All debt issued by the school district will include a written opinion by bond counsel affirming that the school district is

authorized to issue the debt, stating that the school district has met all Iowa constitutional and statutory requirements necessary for issuance and determining the debt's federal income tax status. The bond counsel retained must have comprehensive municipal debt experience and a thorough understanding of Iowa law as it relates to the issuance of the particular debt.

The school district will retain an independent financial advisor. The financial advisor will be responsible for structuring and preparing all offering documents for each debt issue. The financial advisor retained will have comprehensive municipal debt experience, experience with diverse financial structuring and pricing of municipal securities.

The treasurer shall have the authority to periodically select other service providers (e.g., escrow agents, verification agents, trustees, arbitrage consultants, rebate specialist, etc.) as necessary to meet legal requirements and minimize net debt costs. These services can include debt restructuring services and security or escrow purchases.

Compensation for bond counsel, financial advisor and other service providers will be as economical as possible and consistent with industry standards for the desired qualification levels.

DEBT MANAGEMENT

Investment of Debt Proceeds

The school district shall invest all proceeds received from the issuance of debt separate from the school district's consolidated cash pool unless otherwise specified by the authorizing bond resolution or trust indenture. Investments will be consistent with those authorized by Iowa law and the school district's Investment Policy to maintain safety of principal and liquidity of the funds.

Arbitrage and Record Keeping Compliance

The treasurer shall maintain a system of record-keeping, reporting and compliance procedures with respect to all federal tax requirements which are currently, or may become applicable through the lifetime of all tax-exempt or tax credit bonds.

Federal tax compliance, record-keeping, reporting and compliance procedures shall include not be limited to:

1. post-issuance compliance procedures (including proper use of proceeds, timely expenditure of proceeds, proper use of bond financed property, yield restriction and rebate, and timely return filing);
2. proper maintenance of records to support federal tax compliance;
3. investments and arbitrage compliance;
4. expenditures and assets;
5. private business use; and
6. designation of primary responsibilities for federal tax compliance of all bond financings.

Financial Disclosure

The school district is committed to full and complete financial disclosure, and to cooperating fully with rating agencies, institutional and individual investors, other levels of government, and the general public to share comprehensible and accurate financial information. The school district is dedicated to meeting secondary disclosure requirements on a timely and comprehensive basis, as

promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The Official Statements accompanying debt issues, Annual Audits, and Continuing Disclosure statements will meet the standards articulated by the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (MSRB), the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). The treasurer shall be responsible for ongoing debt disclosure as required by any Continuing Disclosure Certificate for any debt issue and for maintain compliance with disclosure standards promulgated by state and federal regulatory bodies

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 74-76; 278.1; 298; 298A.

I.C. Iowa Code

Iowa Code § 278.1

Description

Power of Electors

Iowa Code § 298

School Taxes and Bonds

Iowa Code § 298A

School District Fund Structure

Iowa Code § 74

Public Obligation Warrants

Iowa Code § 75

Sale of Public Bonds

Iowa Code § 76

Public Bonds and Debt Obligations

Cross References**Code**

701.02

Description

Transfer of Funds

POST-ISSUANCE COMPLIANCE REGULATION FOR TAX-EXEMPT OBLIGATIONS

1. Role of Compliance Coordinator/Board Treasurer

The board treasurer shall:

- a) Be responsible for monitoring post-issuance compliance;
- b) Maintain a copy of the transcript of proceedings or minutes in connection with the issuance of any tax-exempt obligations and obtain records that are necessary to meet the requirements of this regulation;
- c) Consult with bond counsel, a rebate consultant, financial advisor, IRS publications and such other resources as are necessary to understand and meet the requirements of this regulation;
- d) Seek out training and education to be implemented upon the occurrence of new developments in the area and upon the hiring of new personnel to implement this regulation.

2. Financing Transcripts' Filing and Retention

The board treasurer shall confirm the proper filing of an IRS 8038 Series return and maintain a transcript of proceedings and minutes for all tax-exempt obligations issued by the school district including, but not limited to, all tax-exempt bonds, notes and lease-purchase contracts. Each transcript shall be maintained until 11 years after the tax-exempt obligation documents have been retired. The transcript shall include, at a minimum:

- a) Form 8038;
- b) Minutes, resolutions and certificates;
- c) Certifications of issue price from the underwriter;
- d) Formal elections required by the IRS;
- e) Trustee statements;
- f) Records of refunded bonds, if applicable;
- g) Correspondence relating to bond financings; and
- h) Reports of any IRS examinations for bond financings.

3. Proper Use of Proceeds

The board treasurer shall review the resolution authorizing issuance for each tax-exempt obligation issued by the school district and the school district shall:

- a) Obtain a computation of the yield on such issue from the school district's financial advisor;
- b) Create a separate Project Fund (with as many sub-funds as shall be necessary to allocate proceeds among the projects being funded by the issue) into which the proceeds of issue shall be deposited;
- c) Review all requisitions, draw schedules, draw requests, invoices and bills requesting payment from the Project Fund;
- d) Determine whether payment from the Project Fund is appropriate and, if so, make payment from the Project Fund (and appropriate sub-fund, if applicable);
- e) Maintain records of the payment requests and corresponding records showing payment;
- f) Maintain records showing the earnings on, and investment of, the Project Fund;
- g) Ensure that all investments acquired with proceeds are purchased at fair market value;

POST-ISSUANCE COMPLIANCE REGULATION FOR TAX-EXEMPT OBLIGATIONS

- h) Identify bond proceeds or applicable debt service allocations that must be invested with a yield-restriction and monitor the investments of any yield-restricted funds to ensure that the yield on such investments do not exceed the yield to which such investments are restricted;
- i) Maintain records related to any investment contracts, credit enhancement transactions and the bidding of financial products related to the proceeds.

4. Timely Expenditure and Arbitrage/Rebate Compliance

The board treasurer shall review the Tax-Exemption Certificate (or equivalent) for each tax-exempt obligation issued by the school district and the expenditure records provided in Section 2 of this regulation, above and shall:

- a) Monitor and ensure that proceeds of each such issue are spent within the temporary period set forth in such certificate;
- b) Monitor and ensure that the proceeds are spent in accordance with one or more of the applicable exceptions to rebate as set forth in such certificate if the school district does not meet the "small issuer" exception for said obligation;
- c) Not less than 60 days prior to a required expenditure date, confer with bond counsel and a rebate consultant, if the school district will fail to meet the applicable temporary period or rebate exception expenditure requirements of the Tax-Exemption Certificate. In the event the school district fails to meet a temporary period or rebate exception:
 - 1. Procure a timely computation of any rebate liability and, if rebate is due, file a Form 8038-T and arrange for payment of such rebate liability;
 - 2. Arrange for timely computation and payment of yield reduction payments (as such term is defined in the Code and Treasury Regulations), if applicable.

5. Proper Use of Bond Financed Assets

The board treasurer shall:

- a) Maintain appropriate records and a list of all bond financed assets. Such records shall include the actual amount of proceeds (including investment earnings) spent on each of the bond financed assets;
- b) Monitor and confer with bond counsel with respect to all proposed bond financed assets;
 - 1. management contracts;
 - 2. service agreements;
 - 3. research contracts;
 - 4. naming rights contracts;
 - 5. leases or sub-leases;
 - 6. joint venture, limited liability or partnership arrangements;
 - 7. sale of property; or
 - 8. any other change in use of such asset.
- c) Maintain a copy of the proposed agreement, contract, lease or arrangement, together with the response by bond counsel with respect to said proposal for at least three years after retirement of all tax-exempt obligations issued to fund all or any portion of bond financed assets; and
- d) Contact bond counsel and ensure timely remedial action under IRS Regulation Sections 1.141-12 in the event the school district takes an action with respect to a bond financed asset, which causes the private business tests or private loan financing test to be met.

POST-ISSUANCE COMPLIANCE REGULATION FOR TAX-EXEMPT OBLIGATIONS

6. General Project Records

For each project financed with tax-exempt obligations, the board treasurer shall maintain, until three years after retirement of the tax-exempt obligations or obligations issued to refund those obligations, the following:

- a) Appraisals, demand surveys or feasibility studies;
- b) Applications, approvals and other documentation of grants;
- c) Depreciation schedules;
- d) Contracts respecting the project.

Approved 10/18/2023

Reviewed _____

Revised 10/18/2023

BOND DISCLOSURE POLICY

Article I

Key Participants and Responsibilities

Section 1.01. Compliance Officer. By adoption of this Policy, the District hereby appoints the Board Treasurer to act as the Compliance Officer hereunder.

Section 1.02. Responsibilities. The Compliance Officer is responsible for the following tasks:

- (A) reviewing and approving all preliminary and final official statements relating to the District's Securities, together with any supplements, for which a Disclosure Agreement is required (each, an "Official Statement"), before such documents are released, in accordance with Article III below;
- (B) moderating Board of Directors' approval of all Financial Obligations triggering a Listed Event Notice under any new Disclosure Agreement entered into on or after February 27, 2019;
- (C) reviewing the District's status and compliance with Disclosure Agreements, including filings of disclosure documents thereunder and in compliance with this Policy, in accordance with Articles IV and V below;
- (D) serving as a "point person" for personnel to communicate issues or information that should be or may need to be included in any disclosure document;
- (E) recommending changes to this Policy to the Board of Directors as necessary or appropriate;
- (F) communicating with third parties, including coordination with outside consultants assisting the District, in the preparation and dissemination of disclosure documents to make sure that assigned tasks have been completed on a timely basis and make sure that the filings are made on a timely basis and are accurate;
- (G) in anticipation of preparing disclosure documents, soliciting "material" information (as defined for purposes of federal securities law) from Employees identified as having knowledge of or likely to have information of Listed Events under Article IV or relevant to Disclosure Agreements;

- (H) maintaining records documenting the District's compliance with this Policy; and
- (I) ensuring compliance with training procedures as described below.

The responsibilities of the Compliance Officer to make certain filings with the MSRB under Articles III (Annual Report Filings) and IV (Listed Event Filings) may be delegated by contract to a dissemination agent, under terms approved by the Board of Directors.

The Compliance Officer shall instruct Employees of the obligation to communicate with the Compliance Officer on any information relating to financial obligations or amendments to existing financial obligations promptly following occurrence.

Article II ***Official Statements***

Section 2.01. Review and Approval of Official Statements. Whenever the District issues Securities, an Official Statement may be prepared. Each of these Official Statements contains information relating to the District's finances. The Compliance Officer (with advice from Bond Counsel, any retained Disclosure Counsel, and/or Financial Advisor) shall have primary responsibility for ensuring that all such information is accurate and not misleading in any material aspect. The Official Statement may also include a certification that the information contained in the Official Statement regarding the District, as of the date of each Official Statement, does not contain any untrue statement of material fact or omit to state any material fact necessary to make the information contained in the Official Statement, in light of the circumstances under which it was provided, not misleading. When undertaking review of a final or preliminary Official Statement, the Compliance Officer shall:

- (A) review the Official Statement to ensure: (i) that there are no material misstatements or omissions of material information in any sections, (ii) that the information relating to the District that is included in the Official Statement is accurate, and (iii) that when necessary the information relating to the District has been reviewed by a knowledgeable Employee or other appropriate person;
- (B) draft, or cause to be drafted, for the Official Statement descriptions of (i) any material current, pending or threatened litigation, (ii) any material settlements or court orders and (iii) any other legal issues that are material information for purposes of the Official Statement; and

- (C) report any significant disclosure issues and concerns to the Board of Directors (with advice, as necessary, from Bond Counsel, retained Disclosure Counsel, if any, and/or Financial Advisor).

Section 2.02. Submission of Official Statements to Board of Directors for Approval. The Compliance Officer shall submit all Official Statements to the Board of Directors for review and approval. The Board of Directors shall undertake such review it deems necessary. This may include consultation with the Compliance Officer, Bond Counsel, retained Disclosure Counsel, if any, and/or the Financial Advisor to fulfill the District's responsibilities under applicable federal and state securities laws.

Article III ***Annual Report Filings***

Section 3.01. Overview. Under the Disclosure Agreements the District has entered into in connection with certain of its Securities, the District is required each year to file Annual Reports with the EMMA system. Such Annual Reports are generally required to include: (1) certain updated financial and operating information as outlined in each Disclosure Agreement, and (2) the District's audited financial statements. The documents, reports and notices required to be submitted to the MSRB pursuant to this Policy shall be submitted through EMMA in one or more electronic document format files as required by the Rule at the time of filing, and shall be accompanied by identifying information, in the manner prescribed by the MSRB, or in such other manner as is consistent with the Rule. To facilitate the District's Disclosure Agreements the Compliance Officer shall:

- (A) maintain a record of all Disclosure Agreements of the District using a chart which shall identify and docket all deadlines;
- (B) schedule email reminders on the EMMA website for each issue of Securities to help ensure timely filing of financial disclosures;
- (C) ensure that preparation of the Annual Reports commences as required under each specific Disclosure Agreement; and
- (D) comply with the District's obligation to file Annual Reports by submitting or causing the required (i) annual financial information and operating data and (ii) audited financial statements to be submitted to the MSRB through EMMA.
 - (i) In the event audited financial statements are not available by the filing deadline imposed by the Disclosure Agreement, the Compliance Officer shall instead timely submit or cause to be

submitted unaudited financial statements, with a notice to the effect that the unaudited financial statements are being provided pending the completion of audited financial statements and that the audited financial statements will be submitted to EMMA when they have been prepared. In the event neither audited nor unaudited financial statements are timely posted, the District shall cause to be filed a "failure to file notice" in accordance with the Rule. The failure to file notice for audited financial statements shall include information describing the nature and/or cause of the failure to meet the contractual deadline and, if available, an approximate timeframe for when the completed audited financial statement is expected to be submitted. Audited financial statements shall be filed as soon as available. If updated financial and operating information is not posted by the filing deadline, the Compliance Officer shall cause a "failure to file notice" to be posted to EMMA in accordance with the Rule.

- (ii) All documents submitted to the MSRB through EMMA that are identified by specific reference to documents already available to the public on the MSRB's Internet website or filed with the SEC shall be clearly identified by cross reference.

Article IV ***Listed Event Filings***

Section 4.01. Disclosure of Listed Events. The District is obligated to disclose to the MSRB notice of certain specified events with respect to the Securities (a "Listed Event"). Employees shall be instructed to notify the Compliance Officer upon becoming aware of any of the Listed Events in the District's Disclosure Agreements. The Compliance Officer may consult with Bond Counsel, retained Disclosure Counsel, if any, or the Financial Advisor, to determine if an occurrence is a Listed Event, and whether a filing is required or is otherwise desirable. If such a filing is deemed necessary, the Compliance Officer shall cause a notice of the Listed Event (a "Listed Event Notice") that complies with the Rule to be prepared, and the Compliance Officer shall cause to be filed the Listed Event Notice as required by the Rule as follows:

- (A) Prior to issuance of new Securities on or after February 27, 2019, a complete list of current Financial Obligations shall be compiled and submitted to the Compliance Officer for continuous monitoring regarding

compliance with all Disclosure Agreements entered on or after February 27, 2019.

- (B) The Compliance Officer shall:
 - (i) monitor and periodically review the Listed Events identified on Exhibit A, in connection with the Disclosure Agreements identified on the chart in Exhibit B to determine whether any event has occurred that may require a filing with EMMA. To the extent Compliance Officer determines notice for an event is not required based on the event not achieving a level of materiality, Compliance Officer shall document the basis for the determination.
 - (ii) In a timely manner, not in excess of ten (10) business days after the occurrence of the Listed Event, file a Listed Event Notice for Securities to which the Listed Event applies.
- (C) For Securities to which the Listed Event or Events are applicable, the Listed Event Notice shall be filed in a timely manner not in excess of ten (10) business days after the occurrence of the Listed Event.
- (D) The Compliance Officer shall monitor Securities data on EMMA regarding rating agency reports for rated Securities and may subscribe to any available ratings agency alert service regarding the ratings of any Securities.

Article V

Miscellaneous

Section 5.01. Documents to be Retained. The Compliance Officer shall be responsible for retaining records demonstrating compliance with this Policy. The Compliance Officer shall retain an electronic or paper file ("Transcript") for each Annual Report the District completes. Each Transcript shall include final versions of documents submitted to the MSRB through EMMA, and any documentation related to determinations of materiality (or immateriality) of Listed Events. The Transcript shall be maintained for the period that the applicable Securities are outstanding, and for a minimum of five [5] years after the date the final Annual Report for an issue of Securities is posted on EMMA.

Section 5.02. Education and Training. The District shall conduct periodic training to assist the Compliance Officer, Employees and the Supervisors, as necessary and appropriate, in understanding and performing their responsibilities under this Policy. Such training sessions may include a review of this Policy, the disclosure obligations under the Disclosure Agreement(s), applicable federal and state securities laws, including the Listed Events in Exhibit A, and the disclosure responsibilities and potential liabilities of members of District staff and members of the Board of Directors. Training sessions may include meetings with Bond Counsel, retained Disclosure Counsel, if any, Dissemination Agent, if any, or Financial Advisor, and teleconferences, attendance at seminars or conferences where disclosure responsibilities are discussed, and/or recorded presentations. Compliance Officer shall maintain a record of training activities in furtherance of this Policy.

Section 5.03. Public Statements Regarding Financial Information. Whenever the District makes statements or releases information relating to its finances to the public that is reasonably expected to reach investors and the trading markets (including, without limitation, all Listed Event Notices, statements in the annual financial reports, and other financial reports and statements of the District), the District is obligated to ensure that such statements and information are accurate and complete in all material aspects. The Compliance Officer shall assist the Board of Directors, the Superintendent, and District's Attorneys in ensuring that such statements and information are accurate and not misleading in any material aspect. Employees shall, to the extent possible, coordinate statements or releases as outlined above with the Compliance Officer. Investment information published on the District's website shall include a cautionary statement referring investors to EMMA as the official repository for the District's Securities-related data.

EXHIBIT A

LISTED EVENTS

The following events automatically trigger a requirement to file on EMMA within ten (10) business days of their occurrence (listed events are subject to change by the SEC):

- (1) Principal and interest payment delinquencies;
- (2) Non-payment related defaults, *if material*;
- (3) Unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties;
- (4) Unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties;
- (5) Substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform;
- (6) Adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the security, or other material events affecting the tax status of the security;
- (7) Modifications to rights of security holders, *if material*;
- (8) Bond calls, *if material*, and tender offers;
- (9) Defeasances;
- (10) Release, substitution, or sale of property securing repayment of the securities, *if material*;
- (11) Rating changes;
- (12) Bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the obligated person¹;

Note to paragraph (b)(5)(i)(C)(12):

For the purposes of the event identified in paragraph (b)(5)(i)(C)(12) of this section, the event is considered to occur when any of the following occur:

¹ The term "obligated person" for purposes of the Rule shall mean the party, if other than the District, responsible for the Securities, e.g. in a conduit issue sold through the District, the conduit party would be the "obligated person" under the Disclosure Agreement.

The appointment of a receiver, fiscal agent or similar officer for an obligated person in a proceeding under the U.S. Bankruptcy Code or in any other proceeding under state or federal law in which a court or governmental authority has assumed jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the obligated person, or if such jurisdiction has been assumed by leaving the existing governing body and officials or officers in possession but subject to the supervision and orders of a court or governmental authority, or the entry of an order confirming a plan of reorganization, arrangement or liquidation by a court or governmental authority having supervision or jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the obligated person.

(13) The consummation of a merger, consolidation, or acquisition involving an obligated person or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the obligated person, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, *if material*;

(14) Appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, *if material*;

Additionally, the following events apply to Disclosure Agreements entered by the District on or after February 27, 2019:

(15) Incurrence of a Financial Obligation of the obligated person, *if material*², or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a Financial Obligation of the obligated person, any of which affect security holders, *if material**; and

(16) Default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of a Financial Obligation of the obligated person, any of which reflect financial difficulties.

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² Materiality is determined upon the incurrence of each distinct Financial Obligation, taking into account all relevant facts and circumstances. A Financial Obligation is considered to be incurred when it is enforceable against the District. Listed Event Notices for Financial Obligations (e.g. under 15 and 16 above) should generally include a description of the material terms of the Financial Obligation, including: (i) date of the incurrence, (ii) principal amount, (iii) maturity and amortization; (iv) interest rate(s), if fixed, or method of computation, if variable, (v) other appropriate terms, based on the circumstances. In addition to a summary of material terms, the District may alternatively, or in addition, submit related materials, such as transaction documents (which may require some redaction), terms sheets prepared in connection with the Financial Obligation, or continuing covenant agreements or financial covenant reports.

EXHIBIT B
DISCLOSURE AGREEMENT INVENTORY
Complete upon each new issuance

NAME OF ISSUE/PRINCIPAL AMOUNT	DATE OF ISSUE	FINAL MATURITY DATE	CUSIP FOR FINAL MATURITY	DATE BY WHICH ANNUAL REPORTS MUST BE FILED (OR "EXEMPTION" UNDER THE RULE)	ANNUAL REPORTS INFORMATION TO BE FILED	SOURCE OF INFORMATION	DATE INFORMATION WAS FILED

Approved 10/18/2023 Reviewed _____ Revised 10/18/2023

Policy 704.03: Investments

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/10/2022 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 03/10/2022

11-21-22

School district funds in excess of current needs are invested in compliance with this policy. The goals of the school district's investment portfolio in order of priority are:

- To provide safety of the principal;
- To maintain the necessary liquidity to match expected liabilities; and
- To obtain a reasonable rate of return.

In making investments, the school district will exercise the care, skill, prudence and diligence under the circumstances then prevailing that a prudent person acting in a like capacity and familiar with such matters would use to meet the goals of the investment program.

School district funds are monies of the school district, including operating funds. "Operating funds" of the school district are funds which are reasonably expected to be used during a current budget year or within fifteen months of receipt. When investing operating funds, the investments must mature within three hundred and ninety-seven days or less. If, during the current budget year an amount of public funds will exceed operating funds by at least thirty-three percent, the amount of public funds that exceed operating funds by greater than thirty-three percent may be invested in certificates of deposit at federally insured depository institutions which mature within sixty-three months or less, in accordance with state and federal laws. When investing funds other than operating funds, the investments must mature according to the need for the funds.

The board authorizes the treasurer to invest funds in excess of current needs in the following investments.

- Interest bearing savings, money market, and checking accounts at the school district's authorized depositories;
- Iowa Schools Joint Investment Trust Program (ISJIT); and,
- Certificates of deposit and other evidences of deposit at federally insured Iowa depository institutions.

It is the responsibility of the treasurer to oversee the investment portfolio in compliance with this policy and the law.

The treasurer is responsible for reporting to and reviewing with the board at its regular meetings the investment portfolio's performance, transaction activity and current investments.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to deliver a copy of this policy to the school district's depositories, auditor and outside persons doing investment business with the school district.

It will also be the responsibility of the superintendent, in conjunction with the treasurer, to develop a system of investment practices and internal controls over the investment practices. The investment practices are designed to prevent losses, to document the officers' and employees' responsibility for elements of the investment process and address the capability of the management.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 11.2, .6; 12.62; 12B.10; 10A; 12C; 22.1, .14; 28E.2; 257; 279.29; 283A; 285; 502.701; 633.123.

I.C. Iowa Code	Description
Iowa Code § 11.2	<u>Annual Settlements</u>
Iowa Code § 11.6	<u>Audits of Governmental Subdivisions</u>
Iowa Code § 12.62	<u>Treasurer of State - Investments</u>
Iowa Code § 12B.10	<u>Public Funds Investment Standards</u>
Iowa Code § 12C	<u>Deposit of Public Funds</u>
Iowa Code § 22	<u>Open Records</u>
Iowa Code § 257	<u>Financing School Programs</u>
Iowa Code § 279	<u>Directors - Powers and Duties</u>
Iowa Code § 283A	<u>School Meal Programs</u>
Iowa Code § 285	<u>Transportation Aid</u>
Iowa Code § 28E.2	<u>Joint Exercise of Governmental Powers - Definitions</u>
Iowa Code § 502.701	<u>Uniform Securities Act - Public Joint Investment Trusts</u>
Iowa Code § 633.123	<u>Probate Code - Prudent Investments</u>
Iowa Code § 12B.10A	<u>Public Investment Maturity and Procedural Limitations</u>

Cross References

Code	Description
206.03	<u>Secretary (I, II)</u>
206.04	<u>Treasurer</u>

Policy 704.04: Gifts - Grants - Bequests

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/10/2022 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 03/10/2022

11-21-22

The board believes gifts, grants, and bequests to the school district may be accepted when they will further the interests of the school district. The board will have sole authority to determine whether the gift furthers the interests of the school district.

Gifts, grants, and bequests are approved by the board. Once it has been approved by the board, a board member or the superintendent may accept the gift on behalf of the school district.

Gifts, grants, and bequests once accepted on behalf of the school district become the property of the school district. Gifts, grants, and bequests are administered in accordance with terms, if any, agreed to by the board.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 279.42; 565.6.

I.C. Iowa Code	Description
Iowa Code § 279.42	<u>Directors - Powers and Duties-Gifts to Schools</u>
Iowa Code § 565.6	<u>Gifts to Governmental Bodies</u>

Cross References

Code	Description
217	<u>Gifts to Board of Directors</u>
402.04	<u>Gifts to Employees</u>
508.01	<u>Class or Student Group Gifts</u>
704.06	<u>Online Fundraising Campaigns/Crowdfunding</u>

Policy 704.05: Student Activities Fund

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/10/2022 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 03/10/2022

11-21-22

Revenue raised by students or from student activities is deposited and accounted for in the student activities fund. This revenue is the property of and is under the financial control of the board. Students may use this revenue for purposes approved by the superintendent.

Whether such revenue is collected from student contributions, club dues, and special activities or result from admissions to special events or from other fund-raising activities, all funds will be under the jurisdiction of the board and under the specific control of the superintendent. They will be deposited in a designated depository and will be disbursed and accounted for in accordance with instructions issued by the superintendent.

It is the responsibility of the board secretary to keep student activity accounts up-to-date and complete.

Any unencumbered class or activity account balances will automatically revert to the activity fund when a class graduates or an activity is discontinued.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code § 279.8

I.C. Iowa Code

Iowa Code § 279.8

Description

Directors - General Rules - Bonds of Employees

Cross References

Code

504.05

Description

Student Fund Raising

504.05-R(1)

Student Fund Raising

705.04

Expenditures for a Public Purpose

705.04-R(1)

Expenditures for a Public Purpose - Use of Public Funds
Regulation

Policy 704.06: Online Fundraising Campaigns/Crowdfunding

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/10/2022 | **Last Revised Date:** 06/23/2022 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 11-21-22
06/23/2022

The Board of Education believes online fundraising campaigns, including crowdfunding campaigns, may further the interests of the district. Any person or entity acting on behalf of the district and wishing to conduct an online fundraising campaign for the benefit of the district shall begin the process by seeking prior approval from the board or their designee. Any fundraising efforts conducted using the district's name, symbols, or imagery will be conducted in accordance with all policies, regulations and rules for fundraising within the district. Money or items raised by an online fundraising campaign will be the property of the district only upon acceptance by the board, and will be used only in accordance with the terms for which they were given, as agreed to by the board.

Approval of requests shall depend on factors including, but not limited to:

- Compatibility with the district's educational program, mission, vision, core values, and beliefs;
- Congruence with the district and school goals that positively impact student performance;
- The district's instructional priorities;
- The manner in which donations are collected and distributed by the crowdfunding platform;
- Equity in funding; and
- Other factors deemed relevant or appropriate by the district.

If approved, the requestor shall be responsible for preparing all materials and information related to the online fundraising campaign and keeping district administration apprised of the status of the campaign.

The requestor is responsible for compliance with all state and federal laws and other relevant district policies and procedures. All items and money generated are subject to the same controls and regulations as other district property and shall be deposited or inventoried accordingly. No money raised or items purchased shall be distributed to individual employees.

NOTE: Online fundraising campaigns have become an increasingly popular mechanism for individual educators to raise money. "Crowdfunding" can be defined as, the use of small amounts of capital from a large number of individuals to finance a project, business venture, or to fundraise for a specific cause or charity. For examples of organizations dedicated to crowdfunding for education please visit:

- ***DonorsChoose.org, an organization with a mission to empower "public school teachers from across the country to request much-needed materials and experiences for their students."***

• ***AdoptAClassroom.org, an organization with a mission to give "teachers a hand by providing needed classroom materials so that students can succeed."***

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 279.8; 279.42; 565.6.

I.C. Iowa Code

Iowa Code § 279.42

Description

Directors - Powers and Duties-Gifts to Schools

Iowa Code § 279.8

Directors - General Rules - Bonds of Employees

Iowa Code § 565.6

Gifts to Governmental Bodies

Cross References**Code**

504.05

Description

Student Fund Raising

504.05-R(1)

Student Fund Raising

508.01

Class or Student Group Gifts

704.04

Gifts - Grants - Bequests

904.02

Advertising and Promotion

Policy 705.01: Purchasing – Bidding

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 01/26/2023 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 01/26/2023

11-21-22

The board supports economic development in Iowa, particularly in the school district community. As permitted by law, purchasing preference will be given to Iowa goods and services from locally-owned businesses located within the school district or Iowa based companies if the cost and other considerations are relatively equal and meet the required specifications. However, when spending federal Child Nutrition Funds, geographical preference is allowed only for unprocessed agricultural food items as a part of response evaluation. Other statutory purchasing preferences will be applied as provided by law, including goals and reporting with regard to procurement from certified targeted small businesses, minority-owned businesses, and female-owned businesses.

Goods and Services

The board shall enter into goods and services contract(s) as the board deems to be in the best interest of the school district. It shall be the responsibility of the superintendent to approve purchases, except those requiring board approval as described below or as provided by in law. The superintendent may coordinate and combine purchases with other governmental bodies to take advantage of volume price breaks. Joint purchases with other political subdivisions will be considered in the purchase of equipment, accessories, or attachments with an estimated cost of \$50,000 or more.

Purchases for goods and services shall conform to the following:

- The superintendent shall have the authority to authorize purchases without prior board approval and without competitive request for proposals, quotations, or bids for goods and services up to \$9,999.99.
- For goods and services costing at least \$10,000 and up to \$25,000, the superintendent shall receive proposals, quotations, or bids for the goods and services to be purchased prior to board approval. The quotation process may be informal, and include written or unwritten quotations.
- For goods and services exceeding, \$25,000, the competitive request for proposal (RFP) or competitive bid process shall be used and received prior to board approval. RFPs and bids are formal, written submissions via sealed process.

In the event that only one quotation or bid is submitted, the board may proceed if the quotation or bid meets the contract award specifications.

The contract award may be based on several cost considerations including, but not limited to the following:

- The cost of the goods and services being purchased;
- Availability of service and/or repair;

- The targeted small business procurement goal and other statutory purchasing preferences; and
- Other factors deemed relevant by the board.

The board may elect to exempt certain professional services contracts from the thresholds and procedures outlined above.

The thresholds and procedures related to purchases of goods and services do not apply to public improvement projects.

Public Improvements

The board shall enter into public improvement contract(s) as the board deems to be in the best interest of the school district. 'Public improvement' means "a building or construction work which is constructed under the control of a governmental entity and for which either of the following applies: (1) has been paid for in whole or in part with funds of the governmental entity; (2) a commitment has been made prior to construction by the governmental entity to pay for the building or construction work in whole or in part with funds of the governmental entity. This includes a building or improvement constructed or operated jointly with any public or private agency."

The district shall follow all requirements, timelines, and processes detailed in Iowa law related to public improvement projects. The thresholds regarding when competitive bidding or competitive quotations is required will be followed. Competitive bidding is required for public improvement contracts exceeding the minimum threshold stated in law. Competitive quotations are required for public improvement projects that exceed the minimum threshold amount stated in law, but do not exceed the minimum set for competitive bidding. The board shall approve competitive bids and competitive quotes. If the total cost of the public improvement does not warrant either competitive bidding or competitive quotations, the district may nevertheless proceed with either of these processes, if it so chooses.

The award of all contracts for the public improvement shall be awarded to the lowest responsive, responsible bidder. In the event of an emergency requiring repairs to a school district facility that exceed bidding and quotation thresholds, please refer to policy 802.3 – Emergency Repairs.

The district shall comply with all federal and state laws and regulations required for procurement, including the selection and evaluation of contractors. The superintendent or designee is responsible for developing an administrative process to implement this policy, including, but not limited to, procedures related to suspension and debarment for transactions subject to those requirements.

NOTE: While Iowa law dictates threshold amounts for quotes and bids for public improvement projects, there is no such requirement for goods and services. The district has discretion in this area to set the amounts required for the purchasing process.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 26; 28E; 72.3; 73; 73A; 285; 297; 301.
261 I.A.C. 54.
281 I.A.C. 43.25.

I.C. Iowa Code

Iowa Code § 26

Description

Bidding

Iowa Code § 285

Transportation Aid

Iowa Code § 28E

Joint Exercise of Government Power

Iowa Code § 297

School Houses/Sites

Iowa Code § 301

Textbooks

Iowa Code § 73A

Public Contracts and Bonds

Iowa Code § 73

Preferences

Iowa Code §72.3

Divulging Contents of Sealed Bids

I.A.C. Iowa Administrative Code

261 I.A.C. 54

Description

Economical Development - Iowa TSB Program

281 I.A.C. 43.25

Transportation - Purchasing

Cross References

Code

705.04

Description

Expenditures for a Public Purpose

705.04-R(1)

Expenditures for a Public Purpose - Use of Public Funds
Regulation

801.04

Site Acquisition

802.03

Emergency Repairs

803.01

Disposition of Obsolete Equipment

803.02

Lease, Sale or Disposal of School District Buildings & Sites

**Regulation 705.01-R(1): Purchasing – Bidding - Suspension and
Debarment of Vendors and Contractors Procedure**

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/10/2022 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 03/10/2022

11-21-22

In connection with transactions subject to federal suspension and debarment requirements, the district is prohibited from entering into transactions with parties that are debarred, suspended, or otherwise excluded from or ineligible for participation in federal assistance programs or activities.

When soliciting bids or otherwise preparing to enter into such a transaction, the superintendent or designee will use at least one of the following verification methods to ensure that any parties to the transaction are not suspended or debarred prior to committing to any sub-award, purchase, or contract:

1. Obtaining a certification of a party's compliance with the federal suspension and debarment requirements in connection with any application, bid, or proposal;
2. Requiring compliance with the federal suspension and debarment requirements as an express condition of any sub-award, purchase, or contract in question; or
3. Prior to committing to any sub-award, purchase, or contract, check the online Federal System for Award Management at <https://sam.gov/reports/awards/standard> to determine whether the relevant party is subject to any suspension or debarment restrictions.

2 CFR Part 200 Subpart B-General Provisions
200.113 Mandatory Disclosures

A non-Federal entity or applicant for a Federal award must disclose, in a timely manner, in writing to the Federal awarding agency or pass-through entity all violations of Federal criminal law involving fraud, bribery, or gratuity violations potentially affecting the Federal award. Non-Federal entities that have received a Federal award including the term and condition outlined in Appendix XII—Award Term and Condition for Recipient Integrity and Performance Matters are required to report certain civil, criminal, or administrative proceedings to SAM. Failure to make required disclosures can result in any of the remedies described in §200.338 Remedies for noncompliance, including suspension or debarment. (See also 2 CFR part 180, 31 U.S.C. 3321, and 41 U.S.C. 2313.) It is the responsibility of the Superintendent to timely report to the relevant federal or pass through agency any violations of federal criminal law involving fraud, bribery or gratuity potentially impacting a federal grant.

Iowa Code § 285	<u>Transportation Aid</u>
Iowa Code § 28E	<u>Joint Exercise of Government Power</u>
Iowa Code § 297	<u>School Houses/Sites</u>
Iowa Code § 301	<u>Textbooks</u>
Iowa Code § 73A	<u>Public Contracts and Bonds</u>
Iowa Code § 73	<u>Preferences</u>
Iowa Code §72.3	<u>Divulging Contents of Sealed Bids</u>

I.A.C. Iowa Administrative Code

261 I.A.C. 54	<u>Economical Development - Iowa TSB Program</u>
281 I.A.C. 43.25	<u>Transportation - Purchasing</u>

Cross References

Code	Description
705.04	<u>Expenditures for a Public Purpose</u>
705.04-R(1)	<u>Expenditures for a Public Purpose - Use of Public Funds Regulation</u>
801.04	<u>Site Acquisition</u>
802.03	<u>Emergency Repairs</u>
803.01	<u>Disposition of Obsolete Equipment</u>
803.02	<u>Lease, Sale or Disposal of School District Buildings & Sites</u>

Regulation 705.01-R(2): Purchasing – Bidding - Using Federal Funds in Procurement Contracts **Status: ADOPTED**

Original Adopted Date: 01/26/2023 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 01/26/2023

10-16-23

In addition to the District's standard procurement and purchasing procedures, the following procedures for vendors/contractors paid with federal funds are required. When federal, state, and local requirements conflict, the most stringent requirement will be followed.

2 CFR Part 200, Subpart D Subsection §200.318 (c)(1)

No District employee, officer, or agent may participate in the selection, award and administration of contracts supported by a Federal award if he or she has a real or apparent conflict of interest. Such a conflict of interest would arise when the employee, officer, or agent, any member of his or her immediate family, his or her partner, or an organization which employs or is about to employ any of the parties indicated herein, has a financial or other interest in or a tangible personal benefit from a firm considered for a contract. District officers, employees, and agents may neither solicit nor accept gratuities, favors, or anything of monetary value from contractors or parties to subcontracts. However, for situations where the financial interest is not substantial or the gift is an unsolicited item of nominal value, district employees must abide by all relevant board policies. Violation of this requirement may result in disciplinary action for the District employee, officer, or agent.

2 CFR Part 200, Subpart D Subsection §200.320 (e)(1-4)

Procurement for contracts paid with federal funds may be conducted by noncompetitive (single source) proposals when one or more of the following circumstances apply: (1) the item is only available from a single source; (2) public exigency or emergency will not permit the delay resulting from competitive bids; (3) the Federal awarding agency or pass-through entity expressly authorizes noncompetitive proposals in response to a written request from the non-Federal entity; or (4) after solicitation of a number of sources, competition is inadequate.

2 CFR Part 200, Subpart D Subsection §200.321

The District will take all necessary affirmative steps to assure that minority businesses, women's business enterprises, and labor surplus area firms are used when possible. Affirmative steps must include: (1) placing such businesses on solicitation lists; (2) soliciting such businesses whenever they are potential sources; (3) when economically feasible, dividing contracts into smaller tasks or quantities to allow participation from such businesses; (4) establishing delivery schedules that encourage participation by such businesses; (5) when appropriate, utilizing the Small Business Administration and the Minority Business Development Agency of the Department of Commerce; and (6) requiring the primary contractor to follow steps (1) through (5) when subcontractors are used.

The district will include the following provisions in all procurement contracts or purchase orders include the following provisions when applicable:

2 CFR Part 200 Appendix II

(A) Contracts for more than the simplified acquisition threshold currently set at \$150,000, which is the inflation adjusted amount determined by the Civilian Agency Acquisition Council and the Defense Acquisition Regulations Council (Councils) as authorized by 41 U.S.C. 1908, must address administrative, contractual, or legal remedies in instances where contractors violate or breach contract terms, and provide for such sanctions and penalties as appropriate.

(B) All contracts in excess of \$10,000 must address termination for cause and for convenience by the non-Federal entity including the manner by which it will be effected and the basis for settlement.

(C) Equal Employment Opportunity. Except as otherwise provided under 41 CFR Part 60, all contracts that meet the definition of "federally assisted construction contract" in 41 CFR Part 60-1.3 must include the equal opportunity clause provided under 41 CFR 60-1.4(b), in accordance with Executive Order 11246, "Equal

Employment Opportunity" (30 FR 12319, 12935, 3 CFR Part, 1964-1965 Comp., p. 339), as amended by Executive Order 11375, "Amending Executive Order 11246 Relating to Equal Employment Opportunity," and implementing regulations at 41 CFR part 60, "Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, Equal Employment Opportunity, Department of Labor."

(D) Davis-Bacon Act, as amended (40 U.S.C. 3141-3148). When required by Federal program legislation, all prime construction contracts in excess of \$2,000 awarded by non-Federal entities must include a provision for compliance with the Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. 3141-3144, and 3146-3148) as supplemented by Department of Labor regulations (29 CFR Part 5, "Labor Standards Provisions Applicable to Contracts Covering Federally Financed and Assisted Construction"). In accordance with the statute, contractors must be required to pay wages to laborers and mechanics at a rate not less than the prevailing wages specified in a wage determination made by the Secretary of Labor. In addition, contractors must be required to pay wages not less than once a week. The non-Federal entity must place a copy of the current prevailing wage determination issued by the Department of Labor in each solicitation. The decision to award a contract or subcontract must be conditioned upon the acceptance of the wage determination. The non-Federal entity must report all suspected or reported violations to the Federal awarding agency. The contracts must also include a provision for compliance with the Copeland "Anti-Kickback" Act (40 U.S.C. 3145), as supplemented by Department of Labor regulations (29 CFR Part 3, "Contractors and Subcontractors on Public Building or Public Work Financed in Whole or in Part by Loans or Grants from the United States"). The Act provides that each contractor or subrecipient must be prohibited from inducing, by any means, any person employed in the construction, completion, or repair of public work, to give up any part of the compensation to which he or she is otherwise entitled. The non-Federal entity must report all suspected or reported violations to the Federal awarding agency.

(E) Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3701-3708). Where applicable, all contracts awarded by the non-Federal entity in excess of \$100,000 that involve the employment of mechanics or laborers must include a provision for compliance with 40 U.S.C. 3702 and 3704, as supplemented by Department of Labor regulations (29 CFR Part 5). Under 40 U.S.C. 3702 of the Act, each contractor must be required to compute the wages of every mechanic and laborer on the basis of a standard work week of 40 hours. Work in excess of the standard work week is

permissible provided that the worker is compensated at a rate of not less than one and a half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of 40 hours in the work week. The requirements of 40 U.S.C. 3704 are applicable to construction work and provide that no laborer or mechanic must be required to work in surroundings or under working conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous. These requirements do not apply to the purchases of supplies or materials or articles ordinarily available on the open market, or contracts for transportation or transmission of intelligence.

(F) Rights to Inventions Made Under a Contract or Agreement. If the Federal award meets the definition of "funding agreement" under 37 CFR §401.2 (a) and the recipient or subrecipient wishes to enter into a contract with a small business firm or nonprofit organization regarding the substitution of parties, assignment or performance of experimental, developmental, or research work under that "funding agreement," the recipient or subrecipient must comply with the requirements of 37 CFR Part 401, "Rights to Inventions Made by Nonprofit Organizations and Small Business Firms Under Government Grants, Contracts and Cooperative Agreements," and any implementing regulations issued by the awarding agency.

(G) Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401-7671q.) and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1251-1387), as amended—Contracts and subgrants of amounts in excess of \$150,000 must contain a provision that requires the non-Federal award to agree to comply with all applicable standards, orders or regulations issued pursuant to the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401-7671q) and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act as amended (33 U.S.C. 1251-1387). Violations must be reported to the Federal awarding agency and the Regional Office of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

(H) Debarment and Suspension (Executive Orders 12549 and 12689)—A contract award (see 2 CFR 180.220) must not be made to parties listed on the government wide exclusions in the System for Award Management (SAM), in accordance with the OMB guidelines at 2 CFR 180 that implement Executive Orders 12549 (3 CFR part 1986 Comp., p. 189) and 12689 (3 CFR part 1989 Comp., p. 235), "Debarment and Suspension." SAM Exclusions contains the names of parties debarred, suspended, or otherwise excluded by agencies, as well as parties declared ineligible under statutory or regulatory authority other than Executive Order 12549.

(I) Byrd Anti-Lobbying Amendment (31 U.S.C. 1352)—Contractors that apply or bid for an award exceeding \$100,000 must file the required certification. Each tier certifies to the tier above that it will not and has not used Federal appropriated funds to pay any person or organization for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a member of Congress, officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a member of Congress in connection with obtaining any Federal contract, grant or any other award covered by 31 U.S.C. 1352. Each tier must also disclose any lobbying with non-Federal funds that takes place in connection with obtaining any Federal award. Such disclosures are forwarded from tier to tier up to the non-Federal award.

(J) See §200.322 Procurement of recovered materials.

§200.216 Prohibition on certain telecommunications and video surveillance services or equipment

(a) The district is prohibited from obligating or expending loan or grant funds to:

1. Procure or obtain;
2. Extend or renew a contract to procure or obtain; or
3. Enter into a contract (or extend or renew a contract) to procure or obtain equipment, services, or systems that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system. As described in Public law 115-232, section 889, covered telecommunications equipment is telecommunications equipment produced by Huawei Technologies Company or ZTE Corporation (or any subsidiary or affiliate of such entities).

i. For purpose of public safety, security of government facilities, physical security surveillance of critical infrastructure, and other national security purposes, video surveillance and telecommunication equipment produced by Hytera Communications Corporation, Hangzhou Hikvision Digital Technology Company, or Dahua Technology Company (or any subsidiary or affiliate of such entities).

ii. Telecommunications or video surveillance services provided by such entities or using such equipment.

iii. Telecommunications or video surveillance equipment or services produced or provided by an entity that the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Director of the National Intelligence of the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, reasonably believes to be an entity owned by or controlled by, or otherwise connected to, the government of a foreign country.

(b) In implementing the prohibition under Public Law 115-232, section 889, subsection (f), paragraph (l), heads of executive agencies administering loan, grant, or subsidy programs shall prioritize available funding and technical support to assist affected businesses, institutions and organizations as is reasonably necessary for those affected entities to transition from covered communications equipment and services, to procure replacement equipment and services, and to ensure that communications service to users and customers is sustained.

(c) See Public Law 115-232, section 889 for additional information.

(d) See also §200.471.

I.C. Iowa Code	Description
Iowa Code § 26	<u>Bidding</u>
Iowa Code § 285	<u>Transportation Aid</u>
Iowa Code § 28E	<u>Joint Exercise of Government Power</u>
Iowa Code § 297	<u>School Houses/Sites</u>
Iowa Code § 301	<u>Textbooks</u>
Iowa Code § 73A	<u>Public Contracts and Bonds</u>
Iowa Code § 73	<u>Preferences</u>
Iowa Code §72.3	<u>Divulging Contents of Sealed Bids</u>

I.A.C. Iowa Administrative Code

261 I.A.C. 54

DescriptionEconomical Development - Iowa TSB Program

281 I.A.C. 43.25

Transportation - Purchasing**Cross References****Code**

705.04

DescriptionExpenditures for a Public Purpose

705.04-R(1)

Expenditures for a Public Purpose - Use of Public Funds
Regulation

801.04

Site Acquisition

802.03

Emergency Repairs

803.01

Disposition of Obsolete Equipment

803.02

Lease, Sale or Disposal of School District Buildings & Sites

Policy 705.02: Credit and Procurement Cards

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/10/2022 | **Last Revised Date:** 04/20/2023 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 11-21-22
04/20/2023

Employees may use school district credit cards and/or procurement cards (p-cards) for the actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of work-related duties. Actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of work-related duties include, but are not limited to travel expenses related to professional development or fulfillment of required job duties, fuel for school district transportation vehicles used for transporting students to and from school and for school-sponsored events, payment of claims related to professional development of the board and employees, and other expenses required by employees and the board in the performance of their duties.

Employees and officers using a school district credit or procurement card must submit a detailed, itemized receipt in addition to a credit or procurement card receipt indicating the date, purpose and nature of the expense for each claim item. Failure to provide a proper receipt will make the employee responsible for expenses incurred. Those expenses are reimbursed to the school district no later than ten working days following use of the school district's credit or procurement card. In exceptional circumstances, the superintendent or board may allow a claim without proper receipt. Written documentation explaining the exceptional circumstances is maintained as part of the school district's record of the claim.

The school district may maintain a school district credit or procurement card for actual and necessary expenses incurred by employees and officers in the performance of their duties. The superintendent may maintain a school district credit or procurement card for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of the superintendent's duties. The transportation director may maintain a school district credit or procurement card for fueling school district transportation vehicles in accordance with board policy.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to determine whether the school district credit or procurement card use is for appropriate school business. It is the responsibility of the board to determine through the audit and approval process of the board whether the school district credit or procurement card used by the superintendent and the board is for appropriate school business.

The superintendent is responsible for developing administrative regulations regarding actual and necessary expenses and use of a school district credit or procurement card. The administrative regulations will include the appropriate forms to be filed for obtaining a credit or procurement card.

Legal Reference: Iowa Constitution, Art. III, § 31.
Iowa Code §§ 279.8, .29, .30.
281 I.A.C. 12.3(1).

Cross References

Code	Description
216.03	<u>Board of Directors' Member Compensation and Expenses (I, II)</u>
401.07	<u>Employee Travel Compensation</u>

Policy 705.03: Payment for Goods and Services

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/10/2022 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 03/10/2022

11-21-22

The board authorizes the issuance payment of claims against the school district for goods and services. The board will allow the payment after the goods and services have been received and accepted in compliance with board policy.

The board authorizes the board secretary, upon approval of the superintendent, to issue payment for verified bills, for reasonable and necessary expenses, when the board is not in session. The board secretary will examine the claims and verify bills. The board will approve the bills at its next regular meeting.

The secretary will determine to the secretary's satisfaction that the claims presented to the board are in order and are legitimate expenses of the school district. It is the responsibility of the secretary to bring claims to the board.

The board president and board secretary may sign warrants by use of a signature plate or rubber stamp. If the board president is unavailable to personally sign warrants, the vice president may sign warrants on behalf of the president.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to develop the administrative regulations regarding this policy.

NOTE: The board may delegate payment of verified bills to the board secretary who can then pay upon approval of the superintendent. Should the board delegate this responsibility, the board must still approve the payment at the board's next regular board meeting. Or, the board can maintain the responsibility for reviewing the bills before payment. For more detailed discussion of this issue, see IASB's Policy Primer, Vol. 19 #5- May 24, 2006.

Legal Reference: Love v. City of Des Moines, 210 Iowa 90, 230 N.W. 373 (1930).
Iowa Code §§ 279.8, .29, .30, .36; 291.12; 721.2(5).
281 I.A.C. 12.3(1).

Iowa Code § 279

Directors - Powers and Duties

Iowa Code § 291.12

Board Officers - Duties of Treasurer

Iowa Code § 721.2

Misconduct in Office - Nonfelonius

I.A.C. Iowa Administrative Code

Description

281 I.A.C. 12.3

Administration

Case Law

Description

Love v. City of Des Moines

210 Iowa 90, 230 N.W. 373 (1930)

Cross References

Code

Description

705.04

Expenditures for a Public Purpose

705.04-R(1)

Expenditures for a Public Purpose - Use of Public Funds
Regulation

Policy 705.04: Expenditures for a Public Purpose

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/10/2022 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 03/10/2022

9-18-23

The board recognizes that school district funds are public funds, and as such, should be used to further a public purpose and the overall educational mission of the school community. The district is committed to managing and spending public funds in a transparent and responsible manner. Prior to making a purchase with public funds, an individual should be comfortable defending the purchase/reimbursement to the taxpayers in the district. If the individual is uncomfortable doing so, the purchase may not fulfill a public purpose and additional guidance should be sought before the purchase is made.

Individuals who have concerns about the public purpose of a purchase or reimbursement should utilize the district's *Internal Controls* policy and regulation as a resource for questioning a purchase. Concerns should be reported to the superintendent and/or the board president.

The superintendent shall develop a process for approving expenditures of public funds. The board will review expenditures and applicable reports as necessary to ensure proper oversight of the use of public funds. To the extent possible, expenditures shall be pre-approved by the district prior to expending the funds. Purchases of food and refreshment for district staff, even within district, should comply with the district's *Employee Travel Compensation* policy, and all other applicable policies. All purchases/reimbursements shall comply with applicable laws, board policies and district accounting requirements.

Additional guidance regarding appropriate expenditures of school funds is provided in the regulation accompanying this policy

NOTE: All use of public funds should directly serve a public purpose in a clear and transparent manner. Districts should consider what purchasing and reimbursement flexibility is needed for their district and apply all restrictions equally.

Legal Reference: Iowa Constitution Art. III, sec. 31;
Iowa Code §§ 68A.505; 279.8; 721.2.
281 I.A.C. 98.70

I.C. Iowa Code

Iowa Code § 279.8

Iowa Code § 68A.505

Iowa Code § 721.2

Iowa Constitution

I.A.C. Iowa Administrative Code

281 I.A.C. 98

Iowa Constitution

Iowa Constitution

Cross References

Code	Description
401.07	<u>Employee Travel Compensation</u>
704.01	<u>Local - State - Federal - Miscellaneous Revenue</u>
704.05	<u>Student Activities Fund</u>
705.01	<u>Purchasing – Bidding</u>
705.01-R(1)	<u>Purchasing – Bidding - Suspension and Debarment of Vendors and Contractors Procedure</u>
705.01-R(2)	<u>Purchasing – Bidding - Using Federal Funds in Procurement Contracts</u>
705.03	<u>Payment for Goods and Services</u>
707.05	<u>Internal Controls</u>
707.05-R(1)	<u>Internal Controls - Procedures</u>
905.01	<u>Community Use of School District Buildings & Sites & Equipment</u>
905.01-R(1)	<u>Community Use of School District Buildings & Sites & Equipment - Regulation</u>
905.01-R(2)	<u>Community Use of School District Buildings & Sites & Equipment - Fees Schedule</u>
905.01-EH(1)	<u>Community Use of School District Buildings & Sites & Equipment - Application Form</u>
905.01-EH(2)	<u>Community Use of School District Buildings & Sites & Equipment - Indemnity and Liability Insurance Agreement</u>

DescriptionDirectors - General Rules - Bonds of EmployeesCampaign Finance - Use of Public MoneyMisconduct in Office - NonfeloniousIowa Constitution**Description**Education - Categorical Funding**Description**

Art. III, § 31

DescriptionEmployee Travel CompensationLocal - State - Federal - Miscellaneous RevenueStudent Activities FundPurchasing – BiddingPurchasing – Bidding - Suspension and Debarment of Vendors and Contractors ProcedurePurchasing – Bidding - Using Federal Funds in Procurement ContractsPayment for Goods and ServicesInternal ControlsInternal Controls - ProceduresCommunity Use of School District Buildings & Sites & EquipmentCommunity Use of School District Buildings & Sites & Equipment - RegulationCommunity Use of School District Buildings & Sites & Equipment - Fees ScheduleCommunity Use of School District Buildings & Sites & Equipment - Application FormCommunity Use of School District Buildings & Sites & Equipment - Indemnity and Liability Insurance Agreement

Regulation 705.04-R(1): Expenditures for a Public Purpose - Use of Public Funds Regulation Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/10/2022 | Last Reviewed Date: 03/10/2022

11-21-22

The following is a list of examples organized by activity for what is allowable, or not allowable as a purchase/reimbursement using public funds. This regulation is intended as guidance and there may be situations that are not listed here. Any questions regarding the appropriateness of an expenditure should be submitted to administration **prior** to expending funds.

Reimbursements to an Individual

- Use of Credit/Procurement Card: All purchases through a district-owned credit or procurement card shall be pre-approved and comply with the district's policy 705.02 – *Credit and Procurement Cards*.
- Mileage: Individuals who are required to travel (other than to and from work) as part of fulfilling their job duties to the district shall be reimbursed for mileage costs in accordance with the requirements stated in the district's *Employee Travel Compensation* policy.
- Travel accommodations: Employees who are required to travel and stay overnight as part of fulfilling their job duties to the district shall be reimbursed for costs in accordance with the requirements stated in the district's *Employee Travel Compensation* policy.
- Alcohol: Alcohol is a personal expense and is never allowable for purchase or reimbursement using public funds.
- Food/Refreshments: Food and refreshments are typically a personal expense. Meetings spanning meal times should be avoided when possible. When a district meeting is required to take place spanning a customary meal time, the superintendent or designee shall determine whether food and/or refreshment will be provided to employees whose presence is required during the meeting. The cost of food and refreshment for employees shall be reasonable, and when possible, a separate itemized receipt for each employee is required. If an itemized receipt is not available, approval is required by the school business official prior to reimbursement. In all cases, the names and number of employees shall be noted on the receipt.
- Apparel/Personal Items: Apparel and personal items including, but not limited to items such as t-shirts, hats, mugs, etc. provide personal benefit to individuals and are a personal expense. These items shall not be purchased or reimbursed with public funds.
- Gifts: Gift cards or gifts given to individuals are personal expenses and public funds should not be used (except for recognition/staff retirement, listed below) for these purposes. Voluntary collections from staff would be an acceptable way of purchasing gifts.
- Retirement and Recognition Gifts: Recognizing an employee or volunteer's years of dedication to educating the community and commitment to the district serves a public

purpose by honoring individuals with a token gift, or honorarium, in recognition of their service. The same is true for individual awards, mementos, or items purchased in recognition of employee service to the district. These purchases may use public funds, provided the expenditures are modest and approved by the superintendent.

- Honoraria: District employees may at times receive an honorarium from an outside source as compensation for the employee's time devoted to preparing and delivering a presentation within the scope of their professional field. Honorariums may only be accepted by employees when the employee has used their personal time outside of their work for the district to prepare and deliver the presentation. If the employee uses district time or resources to prepare or deliver a presentation, any honorarium shall be given to the district.
- Break Room Supplies: The purchase of perishable or disposable supplies for employee break rooms is primarily designed for individual consumption and is a personal expense. This includes items such as coffee, coffee filters, plates, cups, spoons, napkins, etc.

Supplies for Public Areas

- Limited refreshments such as water and coffee may be available in public reception areas of the district including, but not limited to the central office, the building administrator's office, etc. These refreshments may be purchased with the use of public funds, as they provide light refreshment to members of the community.

Staff Parties/Receptions

- Parties and receptions to benefit individual staff members are considered a personal expense and should not be purchased or reimbursed with public funds. This includes but is not limited to holiday parties.
- Hosting a group reception to honor all employees retiring from the district in a given school year is allowable as a public expense. Hosting a retirement reception provides a direct benefit to the community as an opportunity for the community to attend and honor the retiring employees' years of dedication and service to the district.

School/ Student Activity Banquets

- School/student activity banquets are typically a personal expense and will not be purchased or reimbursed with public funds unless the public purpose is submitted for review and pre-approved by the superintendent.

Memorial Gifts

- Memorial flowers to convey sympathy or congratulations are allowable as a public expense if they have been approved by the superintendent. Memorial cards are always appropriate.
- Memorial gifts of any sort other than flowers and a card are a personal expense.

Student Incentives

- It is within the discretion of the building principal to authorize the purchase of awards holding a nominal value to commemorate the achievements of a student or group of students. These awards should be designed to reward behavior and values that exemplify the educational and community mission of the district. Awards should not be gift cards or other monetary awards.
- Flowers and decorations for school dances held as part of the district's student activity program are an allowable expense paid out of the student activity fund, provided the purchases are approved by the building principal.

Meetings

- To the extent possible, meetings which span normal meal times should be avoided.
- Meetings of the district's board of directors and board committees are made up of individuals who volunteer a large amount of their personal time to serve the needs of the school community. These meetings are also scheduled at time most convenient for the public, and often span normal meal hours. Food and refreshment purchased for board members is an acceptable use of public funds. The service of these unpaid volunteers directly benefits the entire school community. The superintendent has discretion to purchase/reimburse reasonable expenses for providing food and refreshment to these unpaid volunteers during these meetings.

Some expenditures will be considered personal expenses regardless of the context. These include purchase or reimbursement of alcohol, and personal items not included as retirement or memorial gifts listed above.

I.C. Iowa Code

Iowa Code § 279.8

Description

Directors - General Rules - Bonds of Employees

Iowa Code § 68A.505

Campaign Finance - Use of Public Money

Iowa Code § 721.2

Misconduct in Office - Nonfeloniuos

Iowa Constitution

Iowa Constitution

I.A.C. Iowa Administrative Code

281 I.A.C. 98

Description

Education - Categorical Funding

Iowa Constitution

Iowa Constitution

Description

Art. III, § 31

Cross References

Code

401.07

Description

Employee Travel Compensation

704.01

Local - State - Federal - Miscellaneous Revenue

704.05	<u>Student Activities Fund</u>
705.01	<u>Purchasing – Bidding</u>
705.01-R(1)	<u>Purchasing – Bidding - Suspension and Debarment of Vendors and Contractors Procedure</u>
705.01-R(2)	<u>Purchasing – Bidding - Using Federal Funds in Procurement Contracts</u>
705.03	<u>Payment for Goods and Services</u>
707.05	<u>Internal Controls</u>
707.05-R(1)	<u>Internal Controls - Procedures</u>
905.01	<u>Community Use of School District Buildings & Sites & Equipment</u>
905.01-R(1)	<u>Community Use of School District Buildings & Sites & Equipment - Regulation</u>
905.01-R(2)	<u>Community Use of School District Buildings & Sites & Equipment - Fees Schedule</u>
905.01-EH(1)	<u>Community Use of School District Buildings & Sites & Equipment - Application Form</u>
905.01-EH(2)	<u>Community Use of School District Buildings & Sites & Equipment - Indemnity and Liability Insurance Agreement</u>

Policy 706.01: Payroll Periods

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/10/2022 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 03/10/2022

11-21-22

The payroll period for the school district is monthly. Employees are paid on the 20th day of each month. If this day is a holiday, recess, or weekend, the payroll is paid on the last working day prior to the holiday, recess or weekend.

It is the responsibility of the board secretary to issue payroll to employees in compliance with this policy.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 91A.

I.C. Iowa Code

Iowa Code § 91A

Description

Wage Payment Collection

Cross References

Code

706.02

Description

Payroll Deductions

Policy 706.02: Payroll Deductions

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/10/2022 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 03/10/2022

11-21-22

Ease of administration is the primary consideration for payroll deductions, other than those required by law. Payroll deductions are made for federal income tax withholdings, Iowa income tax withholdings, federal insurance contributions, and the Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS).

The district may deduct wages as required or allowed by state or federal law or by order of the court of competent jurisdiction. Employees may elect to have amounts withheld from their pay for items authorized by law, subject to agreement of the district. Requests for these deductions will be made in writing to the superintendent.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent or superintendent's designee to determine which additional payroll deductions will be allowed.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 91A.2(4), .3; 294.8-.9, .16.

I.C. Iowa Code

Iowa Code § 294

Description

Teachers

Iowa Code § 91A.2

Wage Payment Collection - Definitions

Iowa Code § 91A.3

Wage Payment Collection - Mode of Payment

Cross References

Code

406.05

Description

Licensed Employee Group Insurance Benefits (I, II)

406.06

Licensed Employee Tax Shelter Program

412.04

Classified Employee Tax Shelter Program

706.01

Payroll Periods

Policy 706.03: Pay Deductions

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/10/2022 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 03/10/2022

11-21-22

The district provides leaves of absences to allow employees to be absent from work to attend to important matters outside of the workplace. As public employers, school districts are expected to record and monitor the work that employees perform and to conform to principles of public accountability in their compensation practices.

Consistent with principles of public accountability, it is the policy of the district that, when an employee is absent from work for less than one work day and the employee does not use accrued leave for such absence, the employee’s pay will be reduced or the employee will be placed on leave without pay if:

- the employee has not sought permission to use paid leave for this partial-day absence,
- the employee has sought permission to use paid leave for this partial-day absence and permission has been denied,
- the employee’s accrued paid leave has been exhausted, or,
- the employee chooses to use leave without pay.

In each case in which an employee is absent from work for part of a work day, a deduction from compensation will be made or the employee will be placed on leave without pay for a period of time which is equal to the employee’s absence from the employee’s regularly scheduled hours of work on that day.

Legal Reference: 29 U.S.C. Sec. 2 13(a)
29 C.F.R. Part 541

U.S.C. - United States Code	Description
29 U.S.C. Sec. 2 13(a)	<u>Labor - Fair Labor Standards</u>
C.F.R. - Code of Federal Regulations	Description
29 C.F.R. Pt. 541	<u>Labor - Exemptions</u>

Cross References

Code	Description
409.02	<u>Employee Leaves of Absence</u>

Regulation 706.03-R(1): Pay Deductions - Regulation

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/10/2022 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 03/10/2022

11-21-22

The district complies with all applicable laws with respect to payment of wages and benefits to employees including laws such as the federal Fair Labor Standards Act and the Iowa Wage Payment Collection Act. The district will not make pay deductions that violate either the federal or state laws.

Any employee who believes that the district has made an inappropriate deduction or has failed to make proper payment regarding wages or benefits is encouraged to immediately consult with the appropriate supervisor. Alternatively, any employee may file a formal written complaint with the Business Manager. Within 15 business days of receiving the complaint, the Business Manager will make a determination as to whether the pay deductions were appropriate and provide the employee with a written response that may include reimbursement for any pay deductions that were not appropriately made.

This complaint procedure is available in addition to any other complaint process that also may be available to employees.

U.S.C. - United States Code

29 U.S.C. Sec. 2 13(a)

Description

Labor - Fair Labor Standards

C.F.R. - Code of Federal Regulations

29 C.F.R. Pt. 541

Description

Labor - Exemptions

Cross References

Code

409.02

Description

Employee Leaves of Absence

Policy 707.01: Secretary's Reports

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/10/2022 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 03/10/2022

11-21-22

The board secretary will report to the board each month about the receipts, disbursements and balances of the various funds. This report will be in written form and sent to the board with the agenda for the board meeting.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 279.8; 291.7.

I.C. Iowa Code

Iowa Code § 279.8

Description

Directors - General Rules - Bonds of Employees

Iowa Code § 291.7

Board Officers - Monthly Statements

Cross References

Code

206.03

Description

Secretary (I, II)

210.01

Annual Meeting

Policy 707.02: Treasurer's Annual Report

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/10/2022 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 03/10/2022

11-21-22

At the annual meeting, the treasurer will give the annual report stating the amount held over, received, paid out, and on hand in the general and all other funds. This report is in written form and sent to the board with the agenda for the board meeting. The treasurer will also furnish the board with a statement from each depository showing the balance then on deposit.

It is the responsibility of the treasurer to submit this report to the board annually.

NOTE: The sentence regarding the statement from the depository bank is a legal requirement.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 279.31, .33.

I.C. Iowa Code	Description
Iowa Code § 279.31	<u>Directors - Powers and Duties - Settlement with Treasurer</u>
Iowa Code § 279.33	<u>Directors - Powers and Duties - Annual Settlements</u>

Cross References

Code	Description
206.04	<u>Treasurer</u>
210.01	<u>Annual Meeting</u>

Policy 707.03: Publication of Financial Reports

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/10/2022 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 03/10/2022

11-21-22

Each month the schedule of bills allowed by the board is published in a newspaper designated as a newspaper for official publication. Annually, the total salaries paid to employees regularly employed by the school district will also be published in a newspaper designated as a newspaper for official publication.

It is the responsibility of the board secretary to publish these reports in a timely manner.

NOTE: This policy reflects the legal requirements for school district publications.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 279.35, .36; 618.

I.C. Iowa Code

Iowa Code § 618

Description

Publications and Posting of Notices

Iowa Code § 279.35

Directors - Powers and Duties-Publications of Proceedings

Iowa Code § 279.36

Directors - Powers and Duties-Publications Procedures and Fees

Cross References

Code

206.03

Description

Secretary (I, II)

206.04

Treasurer

Policy 707.04: Audit

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/10/2022 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 03/10/2022

11-21-22

In accordance with state law, to review the funds and accounts of the school district, the board will employ an independent auditor to perform an annual audit of the financial affairs of the school district. The superintendent will use a request for proposal procedure in selecting an auditor. The administration will cooperate with the auditors. Annual audit reports shall remain on file as permanent records of the school district.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code § 11.6

I.C. Iowa Code

Iowa Code § 11.6

Description

Audits of Governmental Subdivisions

Policy 707.05: Internal Controls

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/10/2022 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 03/10/2022

11-21-22

The board expects all board members, employees, volunteers, consultants, vendors, contractors, students and other parties maintaining any relationship with the school district to act with integrity, due diligence, and in accordance with all laws in their duties involving the school district's resources. The board is entrusted with public dollars and no one connected with the school district should do anything to erode that trust.

Internal controls are used to help ensure the integrity of district financial and accounting information. Adherence to district-established internal control procedures is the responsibility of all employees of the school district. The superintendent, business manager and board secretary shall be responsible for developing internal controls designed to prevent and detect fraud, financial impropriety, or fiscal irregularities within the school district subject to review and approval by the board. Administrators shall be alert for any indication of fraud, financial impropriety, or irregularity within the administrator's area of responsibility.

Any employee who suspects fraud, impropriety, or irregularity shall report their suspicions immediately to his/her immediate supervisor and the superintendent. The superintendent shall have primary responsibility for any necessary investigations and shall coordinate investigative efforts with the board's legal counsel, auditing firm, the Auditor of State's office and other internal or external departments and agencies, including law enforcement officials, as the superintendent may deem appropriate.

Employees bringing forth a legitimate concern about a potential impropriety will not be retaliated against and those who do retaliate against such an employee will be subject to disciplinary action up to, and including, discharge.

In the event the concern or complaint involves the superintendent, the concern shall be brought to the attention of the board president or vice-president, who shall be empowered to contact the board's legal counsel, Auditor of State's office, insurance agent, auditing firm, and any other agency to investigate the concern or complaint.

The superintendent or board president shall ensure the Auditor of State's office is notified as required by law of any suspected embezzlement, theft or other financial irregularity pursuant to Iowa law. The superintendent and/or board president in coordination with the Auditor of State's office, will determine whether to conduct a complete or partial audit. The superintendent is authorized to order a complete forensic audit if, in the superintendent's judgment, such an audit would be useful and beneficial to the school district. In the event there is an investigation, records will be maintained for use in the investigation. Individuals found to have altered or destroyed records will be subject to disciplinary action, up to and including termination.

NOTE: For more detailed discussion of this issue, see IASB's Policy Primer, Vol. 19 #4- May 24, 2006.

Legal Reference: American Competitiveness and Corporate Accountability Act of 2002, Pub. L. No. 107-204.
Iowa Code §§ 11, 279.8.

I.C. Iowa Code

Iowa Code § 279.8

Description

Directors - General Rules - Bonds of Employees

Iowa Code § 11

Auditor of State

Cross References

Code

401.12

Description

Employee Use of Cell Phones

401.12-R(1)

Employee Use of Cell Phones - Regulation

705.04

Expenditures for a Public Purpose

705.04-R(1)

Expenditures for a Public Purpose - Use of Public Funds
Regulation

707.06

Audit Committee

Regulation 707.05-R(1): Internal Controls - Procedures

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/10/2022 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 03/10/2022

9-18-23

Fraud, financial improprieties, or fiscal irregularities include, but are not limited to:

- Forgery or unauthorized alteration of any document or account belonging to the district.
- Forgery or unauthorized alteration of a check, bank draft, or any other financial document.
- Misappropriation of funds, securities, supplies, or other assets.
- Impropriety in the handling of money or reporting of financial transactions.
- Profiteering because of "insider" information of district information or activities.
- Disclosing confidential and/or proprietary information to outside parties.
- Accepting or seeking anything of material value, other than items used in the normal course of advertising, from contractors, vendors, or persons providing services to the district.
- Destroying, removing, or inappropriately using district records, furniture, fixtures, or equipment.
- Failing to provide financial records to authorized state or local entities.
- Failure to cooperate fully with any financial auditors, investigators or law enforcement.
- Any other dishonest or fraudulent act involving district monies or resources.
- Acting for purposes of personal financial gain, rather than in the best interest of the district.
- Providing false, inaccurate or misleading financial information to district administrators or the board of directors.

The superintendent, and/or board president shall notify the State Auditor's office of any suspected fraud, embezzlement or financial irregularities as required by law. The district will comply with all investigation procedures and scope as directed by the State Auditor's office. All employees involved in the investigation shall be advised to keep information about the investigation confidential. The superintendent and/or board president may engage qualified independent auditors to assist in the investigation.

If an investigation substantiates the occurrence of a fraudulent activity, the superintendent and/or board president or board vice-president if the investigation centers on the superintendent, shall issue a report to the board and appropriate personnel. The results of the investigation shall not be disclosed to or discussed with anyone other than those individuals with a legitimate right to know until the results are made public.

I.C. Iowa Code

Iowa Code § 279.8

Iowa Code § 11

Description

Directors - General Rules - Bonds of Employees

Auditor of State

Cross References

Code	Description
401.12	<u>Employee Use of Cell Phones</u>
401.12-R(1)	<u>Employee Use of Cell Phones - Regulation</u>
705.04	<u>Expenditures for a Public Purpose</u>
705.04-R(1)	<u>Expenditures for a Public Purpose - Use of Public Funds Regulation</u>
707.06	<u>Audit Committee</u>

Policy 707.06: Audit Committee

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/10/2022 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 03/10/2022

11-21-22

The board recognizes that it is charged with raising tax revenues and related expenditures to maintain the educational program for the school district. Public funds are held in trust by the board to be spent appropriately on the educational program. To further ensure funds are spent appropriately, the board establishes an audit committee to assist the board on internal financial matters and with the annual audit.

The audit committee is comprised of:

Board members and administration.

The audit committee chair is selected by the board.

The major responsibilities of the audit committee are to:

- Recommend an auditor to the board.
- Oversee the selection of the independent auditor and the resolution of audit findings including compliance with the mandatory request for proposal process.
- Act as a liaison between the board and the auditor during the audit process.
- Annually report to the board about the annual audit.
- Recommend internal changes that may need to be made to ensure appropriate internal controls are being implemented.

The audit committee will meet as directed by its chair. The audit committee is subject to the open meetings law.

NOTE: For more detailed discussion of this issue, see IASB's Policy Primer, Vol. 19 #4- May 24, 2006.

Legal Reference: American Competitiveness and Corporate Accountability Act of 2002, Pub. L. No. 107-204.
Iowa Code §§ 11, 279.8.

I.C. Iowa Code

Iowa Code § 279.8

Iowa Code § 11

Description

Directors - General Rules - Bonds of Employees

Auditor of State

Cross References

Code	Description
208	<u>Ad Hoc Committees</u>
208-E(1)	<u>Ad Hoc Committees - Exhibit</u>
707.05	<u>Internal Controls</u>
707.05-R(1)	<u>Internal Controls - Procedures</u>

Policy 708: Care, Maintenance and Disposal of School District Records **Status: ADOPTED**

Original Adopted Date: 03/10/2022 | **Last Revised Date:** 04/20/2023 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 11-21-22
 04/20/2023

School district records are housed in the central administration office of the school district. It is the responsibility of the superintendent and board secretary to oversee the maintenance and accuracy of the records. The following records are kept and preserved according to the schedule below:

Secretary's financial records	Permanently
Treasurer's financial records	Permanently
Open meeting minutes of the Board of Directors	Permanently
Annual audit reports	Permanently
Annual budget	Permanently
Permanent record of individual pupil	Permanently
School election results	Permanently
Real property records (e.g., deeds, abstracts)	Permanently
Records of payment of judgments against the school district	20 years
Bonds and bond coupons	11 years after maturity, cancellation, transfer, redemption, and/or replacement
Written contracts	11 years
Cancelled warrants, check stubs, bank statements, bills, invoices, and related record	5 years
Recordings and minutes of closed meetings	1 year
Program grants	As determined by the grant

Nonpayroll personnel records	7 years after leaving district
Payroll personnel records	3 years after leaving the district
Employment applications	2 years
Payroll records	3 years
School meal programs accounts/records	3 years after submission of the final claim for reimbursement

In the event that any federal or state agency requires a record be retained for a period of time longer than that listed above for audit purposes or otherwise, the record shall be retained beyond the listed period as long as is required for the resolution of the issue by the federal or state agency.

Employees' records are housed in the central administration office of the school district. The employees' records are maintained by the superintendent, the building administrator, the employee's immediate supervisor, and the board secretary.

An inventory of the furniture, equipment, and other nonconsumable items other than real property of the school district is conducted annually under the supervision of the superintendent. This report is filed with the board secretary.

The permanent and cumulative records of students currently enrolled in the school district are housed in the central administration office of the attendance center where the student attends. Permanent records shall be housed in a fire resistant safe or vault or electronically with a secure backup file. The building administrator is responsible for keeping these records current. Permanent records of students who have graduated or are no longer enrolled in the school district are housed in the *[insert location]* and will be retained permanently. These records will be maintained by the superintendent. Special education records shall be maintained in accordance with law.

The superintendent may digitize or otherwise electronically retain school district records and may destroy paper copies of the records. An electronic record which accurately reflects the information set forth in the paper record after it was first generated in its final form as an electronic record, and which remains accessible for later reference meets the same legal requirements for retention as the original paper record.

NOTE: Most of the time limits listed in this policy are based on legal requirements. Where the law is silent, best practice time limits have been developed. Prior to changing any of the time limits listed, it is recommended that local counsel be contacted.

Legal Reference: 7 C.F.R. § 210.23(c).
 Iowa Code §§ 22.3; 22.7; 91A.6; 279.8; 291.6; 554D.114; 554D.119; 614.1(13).
 281 I.A.C. 12.3(4); 41.624.
City of Sioux City v. Greater Sioux City Press Club, 421 N.W.2d 895 (Iowa 1988).

I.C. Iowa Code	Description
Iowa Code § 22.3	<u>Open Records - Supervision</u>
Iowa Code § 22.7	<u>Confidential Records</u>
Iowa Code § 279.8	<u>Directors - General Rules - Bonds of Employees</u>
Iowa Code § 291.6	<u>Board Officers - Duties of Secretary</u>
Iowa Code § 554D.114	<u>Records - Electronic - Retention</u>
Iowa Code § 554D.119	<u>Records - Electronic - Creation, Retention</u>
Iowa Code § 614.1	<u>Limitations of Action - Period</u>
Iowa Code § 91A.6	<u>Wage Payment Collection - Notice and Recordkeeping</u>

I.A.C. Iowa Administrative Code	Description
281 I.A.C. 12.3	<u>Administration</u>
281 I.A.C. 41.624	<u>Special Education - Information Procedures</u>

Case Law	Description
City of Sioux City v. Greater SC Press Club	421 N.W.2d 895 (Iowa 1988)

Cross References

Code	Description
206.03	<u>Secretary (I, II)</u>
215	<u>Board of Directors' Records</u>
215-EH(1)	<u>Board of Directors' Records - Board Meeting Minutes</u>
401.05	<u>Employee Records</u>
401.05-R(1)	<u>Employee Records - Regulation</u>
506.01	<u>Education Records Access</u>
506.01-R(1)	<u>Education Records Access - Regulation</u>
506.01-E(1)	<u>Education Records Access - Request of Nonparent for</u>

Examination or Copies of Education Records

- 506.01-E(2) Education Records Access - Authorization for Release of Education Records
- 506.01-E(3) Education Records Access - Request for Hearing on Correction of Education Records
- 506.01-E(4) Education Records Access - Request for Examination of Education Records
- 506.01-E(5) Education Records Access - Notification of Transfer of Education Records
- 506.01-E(6) Education Records Access - Letter to Parent Regarding Receipt of a Subpoena
- 506.01-E(7) Education Records Access - Juvenile Justice Agency Information Sharing Agreement
- 506.01-E(8) Education Records Access - Annual Notice
- 901 Public Examination of School District Records

Policy 709: Insurance Program

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/10/2022 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 03/10/2022

11-21-22

The board will maintain a comprehensive insurance program to provide adequate coverage against major types of risk, loss, or damage, as well as legal liability. The board will purchase insurance at replacement values, when possible, after reviewing the costs and availability of such insurance. The comprehensive insurance program is reviewed once every three years. Insurance will only be purchased through legally licensed Iowa insurance agents.

The school district will assume the risk of property damage, legal liability, and dishonesty in cases in which the exposure is so small or dispersed that a loss does not significantly affect the operation of the education program or financial condition of the school district.

Insurance of buildings, structures, or property in the open will not generally be purchased to cover loss exposures below \$5000 unless such insurance is required by statute or contract.

The board may retain a private organization for capital assets management services.

Administration of the insurance program, making recommendations for additional insurance coverage, placing the insurance coverage and loss prevention activities is the responsibility of the superintendent. The superintendent is responsible for maintaining the capital assets management system, processing claims and maintaining loss records.

NOTE: The board may choose the amount of its deductible in paragraph three. Since significant cost savings in insurance premiums can be generated with higher deductibles, it is suggested the board give careful thought before subscribing to a deductible below \$5,000. Maintaining the replacement cost in the school district's capital assets management system allows the school district to ensure insurance coverage is at the appropriate level.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 20.9; 85.2; 279.12, .28; 285.5(6), .10(6); 296.7; 298A; 517A.1; 670.7.

Iowa Code § 279.12	<u>Directors - Powers and Duties - teachers-insurance-leave</u>
Iowa Code § 285.10	<u>Transportation Aid - Powers and Duties of Local Boards</u>
Iowa Code § 285.5	<u>Transportation Aid - Contracts</u>
Iowa Code § 296.7	<u>Indebtedness of Schools Corporations - Tax Levies</u>
Iowa Code § 298A	<u>School District Fund Structure</u>
Iowa Code § 517A.1	<u>Liability Insurance - Authority to Purchase</u>
Iowa code § 670.7	<u>Insurance</u>
Iowa Code § 85.2	<u>Public Employees - Chapter Compulsory</u>
Iowa code §279.28	<u>Insurance-Supplies-Textbooks</u>

Cross References

Code	Description
205	<u>Board Member Liability</u>
802.04	<u>Capital Assets</u>
802.04-R(1)	<u>Capital Assets - Regulation</u>
802.04-R(2)	<u>Capital Assets - Management System Definitions</u>

Policy 710.01: School Food Program

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/10/2022 | **Last Revised Date:** 03/10/2023 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 11-21-22
03/10/2023

The school district will operate a school nutrition program in each attendance center. The school nutrition program will include meals through participation in the National School Lunch Program. Students may bring their lunches from home and purchase milk and other incidental items.

School nutrition program facilities are provided to serve students and employees when school is in session and during school-related activities. They may also be used under the supervision of the school for food service to employee groups, parent-teacher meetings, civic organizations meeting for the purpose of better understanding the schools, and senior citizens in accordance with law and board policy.

The school nutrition program is operated on a nonprofit basis. The revenues of the school nutrition program will be used only for the operation or improvement of such programs. Supplies of the school nutrition program will only be used for the school nutrition program.

The board will set, and annually review, the prices for school nutrition programs. It is the responsibility of the superintendent to make a recommendation regarding the prices of the school nutrition programs, in accordance with federal and state law.

It is the responsibility of Food Service Director to administer the program and to cooperate with the superintendent and appropriate personnel for the proper functioning of the school nutrition program.

The district shall comply with all federal and state laws and regulations required for procurement, including the selection and evaluation of contractors. The superintendent or designee is responsible for developing an administrative process to implement this policy, including, but not limited to, procedures related to suspension and debarment for transactions subject to those requirements.

NOTE: This is a mandatory policy.

NOTE: Superintendents will make the annual recommendation to the board after they have completed the Paid Lunch Equity (PLE) tool. For additional information, please visit the "Nutrition Programs" section of the Iowa Department of Education's website.

Legal Reference: 42 U.S.C. §§ 1751 et seq.,
7 C.F.R. Pt. 210 et seq.,
Iowa Code ch. 283A,
281 I.A.C. 58.

I.C. Iowa Code

Iowa Code § 283A

Description

School Meal Programs

I.A.C. Iowa Administrative Code

281 I.A.C. 58

Description

Education - Breakfast and Lunch Program

U.S.C. - United States Code

42 U.S.C. §§ 1751

Description

Public Health - School Lunch Program

Cross References

Code

710.02

Description

Free or Reduced Cost Meals Eligibility

710.03

Vending Machines

710.04

Meal Charges

**Regulation 710.01-R(1): School Food Program - School Nutrition Program Status: ADOPTED
Civil Rights Complaints Procedure**

Original Adopted Date: 05/05/2022 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 05/05/2022

11-21-22

USDA Child Nutrition Programs in Iowa

Procedures for Handling a Civil Rights Complaint

1. Civil rights complaints related to the National School Lunch Program, School Breakfast Program, Afterschool Care Snack Program, Summer Food Service Program, Seamless Summer Option, or Child and Adult Care Food Program are written or verbal allegations of discrimination based on USDA protected classes of race, color, national origin, sex, age, and disability.
2. Any person claiming discrimination has a right to file a complaint within 180 days of the alleged discrimination. See below for additional Iowa Civil Rights information. A civil rights complaint based on the protected classes listed in #1 above must be forwarded to the address on the nondiscrimination statement.
3. All complaints, whether written or verbal, must be accepted by the School Food Authority (SFA)/Sponsor/Organization and forwarded to USDA at the address or link on the nondiscrimination statement within 5 calendar days of receipt. An anonymous complaint should be handled the same way as any other. Complaint forms may be developed, but their use cannot be required. If the complainant makes the allegations verbally or in a telephone conversation and is reluctant or refuses to put them in writing, the person who handles the complaint must document the description of the complaint.
4. There must be enough information to identify the agency or individual toward which the complaint is directed and indicate the possibility of a violation. Every effort should be made to obtain at least the following information:
 - Name, address and telephone number or other means of contacting the complainant;
 - The specific location and name of the organization delivering the program service or benefit;
 - The nature of the incident(s) or action(s) that led the complainant to feel there was discrimination;
 - The basis on which the complainant feels discrimination occurred (race, color, national origin, sex, age, or disability);
 - The names, titles, and addresses of people who may have knowledge of the discriminatory action(s); and
 - The date(s) when the alleged discriminatory action(s) occurred or, if continuing, the duration of such action(s).
5. USDA is the cognizant agency for the Child Nutrition Programs listed and therefore is the first contact for the six protected classes listed in #1 above, for complaints received within

180 days. Civil rights complaints must be submitted to the USDA Office of Civil Rights within five calendar days of receipt and no later than 180 days of the discriminatory act. The link for submission of a complaint is: program.intake@usda.gov

6. In Iowa, protected classes also include sexual orientation, gender identity, religion or creed and complaints can be filed up to 300 days of occurrence. The address for Iowa complaints is: Iowa Civil Rights Commission, Grimes State Office building, 400 E. 14th St. Des Moines, IA 50319- 1004; phone number 515-281-4121, 800-457-4416; website: <https://icrc.iowa.gov/>.

Bureau of Nutrition and Health, IDOE, 12/2021

I.C. Iowa Code

Iowa Code § 283A

Description

School Meal Programs

I.A.C. Iowa Administrative Code

281 I.A.C. 58

Description

Education - Breakfast and Lunch Program

U.S.C. - United States Code

42 U.S.C. §§ 1751

Description

Public Health - School Lunch Program

Cross References

Code

710.02

Description

Free or Reduced Cost Meals Eligibility

710.03

Vending Machines

710.04

Meal Charges

SCHOOL NUTRITION PROGRAM NOTICES OF NONDISCRIMINATION

USDA Nondiscrimination Statement

In accordance with Federal civil rights law and U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) civil rights regulations and policies, the USDA, its Agencies, offices, and employees, and institutions participating in or administering USDA programs are prohibited from discriminating based on race, color, national origin, sex, disability, age, or reprisal or retaliation for prior civil rights activity in any program or activity conducted or funded by USDA.

Persons with disabilities who require alternative means of communication for program information (e.g. Braille, large print, audiotape, American Sign Language, etc.), should contact the Agency (State or local) where they applied for benefits. Individuals who are deaf, hard of hearing or have speech disabilities may contact USDA through the Federal Relay Service at 800-877-8339. Additionally, program information may be made available in languages other than English.

To file a program complaint of discrimination, complete the USDA Program Discrimination Complaint Form, (AD-3027) found online at: <https://www.usda.gov/oascr/how-to-file-a-program-discrimination-complaint>, any USDA office, or write a letter addressed to USDA and provide in the letter all of the information requested in the form. To request a copy of the complaint form, call 866-632-9992. Submit your completed form or letter to USDA by:

1. Mail: U.S. Department of Agriculture
Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights
1400 Independence Avenue, SW
Washington, D.C. 20250-9410
2. Fax: 202-690-7442
3. Email: program.intake@usda.gov

This institution is an equal opportunity provider.

Iowa Nondiscrimination Statement

It is the policy of this CNP provider not to discriminate on the basis of race, creed, color, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, disability, age, or religion in its programs, activities, or employment practices as required by the Iowa Code section 216.6, 216.7, and 216.9. If you have questions or grievances related to compliance with this policy by this CNP Provider, please contact the Iowa Civil Rights Commission, Grimes State Office Building, 400 E 14th St, Des Moines, IA 50319-1004; phone number 515-281-4121 or 800-457-4416; website: <https://icrc.iowa.gov/>.

CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAMS CIVIL RIGHTS COMPLAINT FORM

Complaint Contact Information:

Name: _____

Street Address, City, State, Zip: _____

County: _____ Area Code/Phone: _____

Email Address: _____

Complaint Information:

1. Specific name and location of the entity and individual delivering the service or benefit:
2. Describe the incident or action of the alleged discrimination or give an example of the situation that has a discriminatory effect on the public, potential program participants, or current participants:
3. On what basis does the complainant feel discrimination exists (race, color, national origin, sex, age, disability, creed, sexual orientation, religion, gender identity, political party affiliation, actual/potential parental/family/marital status)?
4. List the names, titles, and business addresses of persons who may have knowledge of the alleged discriminatory action:
5. List the date(s) during which the alleged discriminatory actions occurred, or if continuing, the duration of such actions: _____
6. Date complaint received: _____
7. Person receiving complaint: _____
8. Action(s) taken:

USDA is the cognizant agency for the Child Nutrition Programs listed and therefore is the first contact for the six protected classes of race, color, national origin, sex, age, and disability for complaints received within 180 days. Civil rights complaints must be submitted to the USDA Office of Civil Rights within five calendar days of receipt and no later than 180 days of the discriminatory act. The link for submission of a complaint is: program.intake@usda.gov

In Iowa, protected classes also include sexual orientation, gender identity, religion or creed and complaints can be filed up to 300 days of occurrence. The address for Iowa complaints is: Iowa Civil Rights Commission, Grimes State Office building, 400 E. 14th St. Des Moines, IA 50319-1004; phone number 515-281-4121, 800-457-4416; website: <https://icrc.iowa.gov/>.

Policy 710.02: Free or Reduced Cost Meals Eligibility

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/10/2022 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 03/10/2022

11-21-22

Students enrolled and attending school in the school district who meet USDA eligibility guidelines will be provided the school nutrition program services at no cost or at a reduced price. The school district shall make reasonable efforts to prevent the overt identification of students who are eligible for free and reduced price meals.

The district shall at least twice annually notify all families of the availability, eligibility criteria, and application procedures for free or reduced price meals in accordance with state and federal law.

It is the responsibility of the building principal to determine the eligibility of students for free or reduced price school nutrition programs, in accordance with criteria established by state and federal law. If school personnel have knowledge of a student who is in need of free or reduced-price meals, school personnel shall contact the building principal.

If a student owes money for five or more meals, the building principal may contact the student's parent or guardian to provide information regarding the application for free or reduced price meals. The school is encouraged to provide reimbursable meals to students who request reimbursable meals unless the students' parent or guardian has specifically provided written direction to the school to withhold a meal from the student.

Employees will be required to pay for meals consumed.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to develop administrative regulations for implementing this policy.

Legal Reference: 42 U.S.C. §§ 1751 et seq.,
7 C.F.R. §§ 210 et seq.,
Iowa Code § 283A,
281 I.A.C. 58.

I.C. Iowa Code

Iowa Code § 283A

Description

School Meal Programs

I.A.C. Iowa Administrative Code

281 I.A.C. 58

Description

Education - Breakfast and Lunch Program

U.S.C. - United States Code

42 U.S.C. §§ 1751

Description

Public Health - School Lunch Program

Cross References

Code	Description
710.01	<u>School Food Program</u>
710.01-R(1)	<u>School Food Program - School Nutrition Program Civil Rights Complaints Procedure</u>
710.01-E(1)	<u>School Food Program - School Nutrition Program Notices of Nondiscrimination</u>
710.01-E(2)	<u>School Food Program - Child Nutrition Programs Civil Rights Complaint Form</u>
710.03	<u>Vending Machines</u>
710.04	<u>Meal Charges</u>

Policy 710.03: Vending Machines

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/10/2022 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 03/10/2022

11-21-22

Food served or purchased by students during the school day and food served or purchased for other than special circumstances is approved by the superintendent. Vending machines in the school building are the responsibility of the building principal. Purchases from the vending machines, will reflect the guidelines in the Wellness policy 507.09.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to develop administrative regulations for the use of vending machines and other sales of food to students.

Legal Reference: 42 U.S.C. §§ 1751 *et seq.*
7 C.F.R. Pt. 210 *et seq.*
Iowa Code ch. 283A
281 I.A.C. 58.

I.C. Iowa Code

Iowa Code § 283A

Description

School Meal Programs

I.A.C. Iowa Administrative Code

281 I.A.C. 58

Description

Education - Breakfast and Lunch Program

U.S.C. - United States Code

42 U.S.C. §§ 1751

Description

Public Health - School Lunch Program

Cross References

Code

504.05

Description

Student Fund Raising

504.05-R(1)

Student Fund Raising

710.01

School Food Program

710.01-R(1)

School Food Program - School Nutrition Program Civil Rights Complaints Procedure

- 710.01-E(1) School Food Program - School Nutrition Program Notices of Nondiscrimination
- 710.01-E(2) School Food Program - Child Nutrition Programs Civil Rights Complaint Form
- 710.02 Free or Reduced Cost Meals Eligibility
- 710.04 Meal Charges

Policy 710.04: Meal Charges

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/10/2022 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 03/10/2022

11-21-22

In accordance with state and federal law, the Community School District adopts the following policy to ensure school district employees, families, and students have a shared understanding of expectations regarding meal charges. The policy seeks to allow students to receive the nutrition they need to stay focused during the school day, prevent the overt identification of students with insufficient funds to pay for school meals, and maintain the financial integrity of the nonprofit school nutrition program.

Payment of Meals

Students have use of a meal account. Families may add money to student accounts online by using Infinite Campus or pay at the school office.

Students who qualify for free meals shall never be denied a reimbursable meal, even if they have accrued a negative balance from previous purchases. Schools are encouraged to provide a reimbursable meal to students with outstanding meal charge debt. If an alternate meal is provided, the meal must be the same meal presented in the same manner to any student requesting an alternate meal.

Employees may use a charge account for meals, but may charge no more than \$25.00 to this account. When an account reaches this limit, an employee shall not be allowed to charge further meals or a la carte items until the negative balance is paid.

Negative Account Balances

The school district will make reasonable efforts to notify families when meal account balances are low. Additionally, the school district will make reasonable efforts to collect unpaid meal charges classified as delinquent debt. The school district will coordinate communications with the student's parent or guardian to resolve the matter of unpaid charges. Parents or guardians will be notified of an outstanding negative balance once the student owes five meals or more. Parents or guardians will be notified by email, phone call, or letter. Negative balances of more than \$23.00 not paid prior to the end of the school year will be turned over to the superintendent or superintendent's designee for collection. Options may include: collection agencies, small claims court, or any other legal method permitted by law.

Unpaid Student Meals Account

The district will establish an unpaid student meals account in a school nutrition fund. Funds from private sources and funds from the district flexibility account may be deposited into the unpaid school meals account in accordance with law. Funds deposited into this account shall be used only to pay individual student meal debt.

Communication of the Policy

The policy and supporting information regarding meal charges shall be provided in writing to:

- All households at or before the start of each school year;
- Students and families who transfer into the district, at time of transfer; and
- All staff responsible for enforcing any aspect of the policy.

Records of how and when the policy and supporting information was communicated to households and staff will be retained.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to develop an administrative regulation for implementing this policy.

Legal Reference: 42 U.S.C. §§ 1751 et seq.
 7 C.F.R. §§ 210 et seq.
 U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SP 46-2016, UNPAID MEAL CHARGES: LOCAL MEAL CHARGE POLICIES (2016).
 U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SP 47-2016, UNPAID MEAL CHARGES: CLARIFICATION ON COLLECTION OF DELINQUENT MEAL PAYMENTS (2016).
 U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SP 57-2016, UNPAID MEAL CHARGES: GUIDANCE AND Q&A (2016).
 Iowa Code 283A.
 281 I.A.C. 58.

I.C. Iowa Code

Iowa Code § 283A

Description

School Meal Programs

I.A.C. Iowa Administrative Code

281 I.A.C. 58

Description

Education - Breakfast and Lunch Program

U.S.C. - United States Code

42 U.S.C. §§ 1751

Description

Public Health - School Lunch Program

Cross References

Code

710.01

Description

School Food Program

710.01-R(1)

School Food Program - School Nutrition Program Civil Rights Complaints Procedure

710.01-E(1)

School Food Program - School Nutrition Program Notices of Nondiscrimination

710.01-E(2)

School Food Program - Child Nutrition Programs Civil Rights Complaint Form

710.02

Free or Reduced Cost Meals Eligibility

710.03

Vending Machines

Policy 711.01: Student School Transportation Eligibility

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/10/2022 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 03/10/2022

11-21-22

Elementary and middle school students living more than two miles from their designated school attendance centers and high school students living more than three miles from their designated attendance centers are entitled to transportation to and from their attendance center at the expense of the school district.

Transportation of students who require special education services will generally be provided as for other students, when appropriate. Specialized transportation of a student to and from a special education instructional service is a function of that service and, therefore, an appropriate expenditure of special education instructional funds generated through the weighting plan.

Transportation of a student to and from a special education support service is a function of that service, and is specified in the individualized education program (IEP) or the individualized family service plan (IFSP). When the IEP or IFSP team determines that unique transportation arrangements are required and the arrangements are specified in the IEP or IFSP, the school district will provide one or more of the following transportation arrangements for instructional services and the AEA for support services:

- Transportation from the student's residence to the location of the special education and back to the student's residence, or child care placement for students below the age of six.
- Special assistance or adaptations in getting the student to and from and on and off the vehicle, en route to and from the special education.
- Reimbursement of the actual costs of transportation when by mutual agreement the parents provide transportation for the student to and from the special education.

The school district is not required to provide reimbursement to parents who elect to provide transportation in lieu of agency-provided transportation.

A student may be required, at the board's discretion, to meet a school vehicle without reimbursement up to three-fourths of a mile. The board may require the parent to transport their children up to two miles to connect with school bus vehicles at the expense of the school district when conditions deem it advisable. It is within the discretion of the board to determine such conditions. Parents of students who live where transportation by bus is impracticable or unavailable may be required to furnish transportation to and from the designated attendance center at the expense of the school district. Parents, who transport their children at the expense of the school district, are reimbursed at the rate per mile set by the state.

Transportation arrangements made by agreement with a neighboring school district will follow the terms of the agreement. Students, who choose to attend a school in a school district other than their resident school district, will provide transportation to and from the school at their own

expense.

Legal Reference: 20 U.S.C. §§ 1401, 1701 et seq.
34 C.F.R. Pt. 300 et seq.
Iowa Code §§ 256B.4; 285; 321
281 I.A.C. 41.412.

I.C. Iowa Code

Iowa Code § 256B.4

Description

Special Education - Board Powers

Iowa Code § 285

Transportation Aid

Iowa Code § 321

Motor Vehicles

I.A.C. Iowa Administrative Code

281 I.A.C. 41.412

Description

Special Education - Transportation

U.S.C. - United States Code

20 U.S.C. §§ 1401

Description

IDEA - Definitions

20 U.S.C. §§ 1701

Education - EEO

Cross References

Code

501.16

Description

Homeless Children and Youth

507.08

Student Special Health Services

507.08-R(1)

Student Special Health Services - Regulation

603.03

Special Education

Policy 711.02: Student Conduct On School Transportation

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/10/2022 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 03/10/2022

11-21-22

Students utilizing school transportation will conduct themselves in an orderly manner fitting to their age level and maturity with mutual respect and consideration for the rights of the school vehicle driver and the other passengers. Students who fail to behave in an orderly manner will be subject to disciplinary measures.

The driver will have the authority to maintain order on the school vehicle. It is the responsibility of the driver to report misconduct to the building administrator.

The board supports the use of recording devices on school buses used for transportation to and from school as well as for field trips, curricular or extracurricular events. The recording devices will be used to monitor student behavior and may be used as evidence in a student disciplinary proceeding. The recordings are student records subject to school district confidentiality, board policy and administrative regulations.

After one warning for bad conduct, the building principal will have the authority to suspend transportation privileges of the student or impose other appropriate discipline.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent, in conjunction with the building principal, to develop administrative regulations regarding student conduct and discipline when utilizing school district transportation.

NOTE: This policy reflects the practice of recording devices use on school buses. If a school district does not use recording devices, the third paragraph should be eliminated.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 279.8; 285; 321.

I.C. Iowa Code

Iowa Code § 279.8

Description

Directors - General Rules - Bonds of Employees

Iowa Code § 285

Transportation Aid

Cross References

Code

Description

804.06

Use of Recording Devices on School Property

804.06-R(1)

Use of Recording Devices on School Property - Use of District Owned Recording Devices Regulation

Regulation 711.02-R(1): Student Conduct On School Transportation - Regulation **Status: ADOPTED**

Original Adopted Date: 03/10/2022 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 03/10/2022

11-21-22

All persons riding in school district vehicles will adhere to the following rules. The driver, sponsor or chaperones are to follow the school bus discipline procedure for student violations of this policy. Recording devices may be in operation on the school buses.

1. Bus riders will be at the designated loading point before the bus arrival time.
2. Bus riders will wait until the bus comes to a complete stop before attempting to enter.
3. Riders must not extend arms or heads out of the windows at any time.
4. Aisles must be kept cleared at all times.
5. All bus riders will load and unload through the right front door. The emergency door is for emergencies only.
6. A bus rider will depart from the bus at the designated point unless written permission to get off at a different location is given to the driver.
7. A rider may be assigned a seat by the driver.
8. Riders who damage seats or other equipment will reimburse the district for the cost of the repair or replacement.
9. Riders are not permitted to leave their seats while the vehicle is in motion.
10. Waste containers are provided on all buses for bus riders' use.
11. Permission to open windows must be obtained from the driver.
12. Classroom conduct is to be observed by students while riding the bus except for ordinary conversation.
13. The driver is in charge of the students and the vehicle, and the driver is to be obeyed promptly and cheerfully.
14. Students will assist in looking after the safety and comfort of younger students.
15. A bus rider who must cross the roadway to board or depart from the bus will pass in front of the bus (no closer than 10 feet), look in both directions and proceed to cross the road or highway only on signal from the driver.

16. Students will not throw objects about the vehicle nor out through the windows.
17. Shooting paper wads, squirt guns or other material in the vehicle is not permitted.
18. Students will keep feet off the seats.
19. Roughhousing in the vehicle is prohibited.
20. Students will refrain from crowding or pushing.
21. The use or possession of alcohol, tobacco or look-alike substances is prohibited in the vehicle.
22. The Good Conduct Rule is in effect.

I.C. Iowa Code

Iowa Code § 279.8

Description

Directors - General Rules - Bonds of Employees

Iowa Code § 285

Transportation Aid

Iowa Code § 321

Motor Vehicles

Cross References

Code

804.06

Description

Use of Recording Devices on School Property

804.06-R(1)

Use of Recording Devices on School Property - Use of District Owned Recording Devices Regulation

Policy 711.03: Student Transportation for Extracurricular Activities

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/10/2022 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 03/10/2022

11-21-22

The board in its discretion may provide school district transportation for extracurricular activities including, but not limited to, transporting student participants and other students to and from extracurricular events.

Students participating or attending extracurricular events, other than those held at the school district facilities, may be transported to the extracurricular event by school district transportation vehicles or by another means approved by the superintendent.

Students, who are provided transportation in school district transportation vehicles for extracurricular events, will ride both to and from the event in the school vehicle unless arrangements have been made with the building principal prior to the event. A student's parent may personally appear and request to transport the student home from a school-sponsored event in which the student traveled to the event on a school district transportation vehicle.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to make a recommendation to the board annually as to whether the school district will provide the transportation authorized in this policy. In making the recommendation to the board, the superintendent will consider the financial condition of the school district, the number of students who would qualify for such transportation, and other factors the board or superintendent deem relevant.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 256B.4; 285.1-.4; 321.
281 I.A.C. 41.412.

I.C. Iowa Code

Iowa Code § 256B.4

Description

Special Education - Board Powers

Iowa Code § 285

Transportation Aid

Iowa Code § 321

Motor Vehicles

I.A.C. Iowa Administrative Code

281 I.A.C. 41.412

Description

Special Education - Transportation

Policy 711.04: Summer School Program Transportation Service

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/10/2022 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 03/10/2022

11-21-22

The school district may use school vehicles for transportation to and from summer extracurricular activities. The superintendent will make a recommendation to the board annually regarding their use.

Transportation to and from the student's attendance center for summer school instructional programs is within the discretion of the board. It is the responsibility of the superintendent to make a recommendation regarding transportation of students in summer school instructional programs at the expense of the school district. In making the recommendation to the board, the superintendent will consider the financial condition of the school district, the number of students involved in summer school programs, and other factors deemed relevant by the board or the superintendent.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code § 285.10
281 I.A.C. 43.10, 412

I.C. Iowa Code Iowa Code § 285.10	Description <u>Transportation Aid - Powers and Duties of Local Boards</u>
I.A.C. Iowa Administrative Code 281 I.A.C. 41.412	Description <u>Special Education - Transportation</u>
281 I.A.C. 43.10	<u>Transportation - Permitted Uses</u>

Cross References

Code 603.02	Description <u>Summer School Instruction</u>
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Policy 711.05: Transportation of Nonresident and Nonpublic School Students

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/10/2022 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 03/10/2022

11-21-22

The board has sole discretion to determine the method to be utilized for transporting nonresident and nonpublic students. Nonresident students paying tuition may be, and resident students attending a nonpublic school accredited by the Iowa Department of Education, will be transported on an established public school vehicle route as long as such transportation does not interfere with resident public students' transportation. Nonresident and nonpublic school students will obtain the permission of the superintendent prior to being transported by the school district.

Parents of resident students who provide transportation for their children attending a nonpublic school accredited by the Iowa Department of Education will be reimbursed at the established state rate. This reimbursement is paid only if the school district receives the funds from the state. If less than the amount of funds necessary to fully reimburse parents of the nonpublic students is received by the school district, the funds will be prorated.

The charge to the nonresident students is determined based on the students' pro rata share of the actual costs for transportation. The parents of these students are billed for the student's share of the actual costs of transportation. The billing is according to the schedule developed by the superintendent. It is the responsibility of the superintendent to determine the amount to be charged and report it to the board secretary for billing.

Continued transportation of nonresident and nonpublic school students on a public school vehicle route will be subject to resident public school students' transportation needs. The superintendent will make a recommendation annually to the board regarding the method to be used. In making a recommendation to the board, the superintendent will consider the number of students to be transported, the capacity of the school vehicles, the financial condition of the school district and other factors deemed relevant by the board or the superintendent.

Nonresident and nonpublic school students are subject to the same conduct regulations as resident public students as prescribed by board policy, and to other policies, rules, or regulations developed by the school district regarding transportation of students by the school district.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 285.1-.2, .10, .16.

I.C. Iowa Code
Iowa Code § 285

Description
Transportation Aid

Policy 711.06: Transportation of Nonschool Groups (I & II)

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/10/2022 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 03/10/2022

11-21-22

Only in unusual circumstances will the board make school district transportation vehicles available to local nonprofit entities which promote cultural, educational, civic, community, or recreational activities for transporting to and from nonschool-sponsored activities in the state.

In the event school district transportation vehicles are made available to local nonprofit entities, it is the responsibility of the superintendent to develop administrative regulations for application for, use of, and payment for using the school district transportation vehicles.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 285.1(21), .10(9), (10).
281 I.A.C. 41.412; 43.10.

I.C. Iowa Code	Description
Iowa Code § 285.1	<u>Transportation Aid - Entitlement</u>
Iowa Code § 285.10	<u>Transportation Aid - Powers and Duties of Local Boards</u>
I.A.C. Iowa Administrative Code	Description
281 I.A.C. 41.412	<u>Special Education - Transportation</u>
281 I.A.C. 43.10	<u>Transportation - Permitted Uses</u>
Cross References	
Code	Description
900	<u>Principles and Objectives for Community Relations</u>

Policy 711.07: School Bus Safety Instruction

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/10/2022 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 03/10/2022

11-21-22

The school district will conduct school bus safe riding practices instruction and emergency safety drills at least twice during the school year, once in the fall and once in the spring, for students who utilize school district transportation. Documentation of these safety drills will be maintained by the district for five years and made available upon request.

Each school bus vehicle will have, in addition to the regular emergency safety drill, a plan for helping those students who require special assistance to safety during an emergency. This will include, but not be limited to, students with disabilities.

Employees are responsible for instructing the proper techniques to be followed during an emergency, as well as safe riding practices. It is the responsibility of the superintendent to develop administrative regulations regarding this policy.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 279.8; 321.
 281 I.A.C. 41.412; 43.40.

I.C. Iowa Code	Description
Iowa Code § 279.8	<u>Directors - General Rules - Bonds of Employees</u>
Iowa Code § 321	<u>Motor Vehicles</u>
I.A.C. Iowa Administrative Code	Description
281 I.A.C. 41.412	<u>Special Education - Transportation</u>
281 I.A.C. 43.40	<u>Pupil Instruction</u>

Cross References

Code	Description
507.05	<u>Emergency Plans and Drills</u>
711.10	<u>School Bus Passenger Restraints</u>
804.02	<u>District Emergency Operations Plans</u>

Policy 711.08: Transportation in Inclement Weather

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/10/2022 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 03/10/2022

11-21-22

School district buses will not operate when weather conditions due to fog, rain, snow or other natural elements make it unsafe to do so. Because weather conditions may vary around the school district and may change quickly, the best judgment possible will be used with the information available.

The final judgment as to when conditions are unsafe to operate will be made by the superintendent. The superintendent will be assisted by the actual "on location" reports of the drivers.

Several drivers each year will be specially designated to report weather and road conditions by bus radio when requested to do so. Other employees and students will be notified by commercial radio when school is cancelled or temporarily delayed. When school is cancelled because of weather anywhere in the school district, all schools will be closed.

When weather conditions deteriorate during the day after school has begun, cancellation notices will be announced by commercial radio. Students will be returned to their regular drop-off sites unless weather conditions prevent it. In that case, students will be kept at or returned to school until they are picked up by the parents.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code § 279.8

I.C. Iowa Code

Iowa Code § 279.8

Description

Directors - General Rules - Bonds of Employees

Cross References

Code

601.02

Description

School Day

Policy 711.09: District Vehicle Idling

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/10/2022 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 03/10/2022

11-21-22

The board recognizes that it has a role in reducing environmental pollutants and in assisting students and others be free from pollutants that may impact their respiratory health. Unnecessary vehicle idling emits pollutants and wastes fuel. The board directs the superintendent, in conjunction with the Director of Transportation, to work on administrative regulations to implement this policy and reduce school vehicle idling time.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code § 279.8

I.C. Iowa Code

Iowa Code § 279.8

Description

Directors - General Rules - Bonds of Employees

Policy 711.10: School Bus Passenger Restraints

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/10/2022 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 03/10/2022

11-21-22

The district shall utilize three-point lap-shoulder belts on district school buses as required by state law. All three-point lap-shoulder belts available on district buses will be used by passengers when the vehicle is in any non-stationary gear.

Legal Reference: 281 I.A.C. 43.10(6)

I.A.C. Iowa Administrative Code

281 I.A.C. 43.10

Description

Transportation - Permitted Uses

Cross References

Code

711.07

Description

School Bus Safety Instruction

Policy 712: Technology and Data Security

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/10/2022 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 03/10/2022

11-21-22

The Community School District recognizes the increasingly vital role technology plays in society. It is the goal of the district to embrace technology as a resource to further educate our students, and better prepare students for the future. It is the intent of the district to support secure data systems in the district, including security for all personally identifiable information (PII) that is stored digitally on district-maintained devices, computers and networks. Technology also has incredible potential to support increased efficiency, communication and growth through collaboration among administration, students, staff, employees and volunteers.

However, with this growth opportunity comes increased potential for valuable sensitive data to become public. The district takes seriously its responsibility to protect private data. The purpose of this policy is to ensure the secure use and handling of all district data, computer systems, devices and technology equipment by district students, employees, and data users.

The district supports the use of third-party vendors to perform necessary education functions for the district. Utilizing third party vendors to outsource functions the district would traditionally perform provides a cost-effective means to deliver high quality educational opportunities to all students. However, it is paramount that third party vendors with access to sensitive data and PII of district students, employees and data users be held to the highest standards of data privacy and security.

The selection of third-party vendors shall be in accordance with appropriate law and policy. Third-party vendors with access to PII shall meet all qualifications to be designated as a School Official under the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA). The board shall ensure that any approved contract with a third-party vendor will require that the vendor comply with all applicable state and federal laws, rules, or regulations, regarding the privacy of PII.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to develop procedures for the district to enhance the security of data and the learning environment. The procedures shall address, but not be limited to, the following topics:

Access Control –Access control governs who may access what information within the district and the way users may access the information. Increased access to secure networks and data will inevitably increase the risk of security compromise to those networks and data. It is the responsibility of the superintendent to develop procedures for determining which individuals will have access to district networks, devices and data; and to what extent such access will be granted. System and network access will be granted based upon a need-to-have requirement, with the least amount of access to data and programs by the user as possible.

Security Management –Security management addresses protections and security measures used to protect digital data. These include measures related to audits and remediation, as well as

security plans for responding to, reporting and remediating security incidents. It is the responsibility of the superintendent to develop procedures to govern the secure creation, storage and transmission of any sensitive data and personally identifiable information (PII). The superintendent or designee shall implement network perimeter controls to regulate data moving between trusted internal resources to external entities.

Technology and Data Use Training –Technology and data use training addresses acceptable use best practices to safeguard data for students, employees and staff. It is the responsibility of the superintendent to develop procedures for creating and administering a training program on proper data and technology use. The training shall address the proper use and security of all district owned or controlled technology, devices, media and data. Training should be administered to all district data users. The training program should be updated and presented to the school board for approval on an annual basis.

In furtherance of this policy, the superintendent or designee shall be responsible for overseeing district-wide data and technology security, to include development of standards and procedures and adherence to the administrative procedures defined in this document.

Legal Reference: 20 U.S.C. §1232g; 34 C.F.R. Part 99
 47 U.S.C. §254
 20 U.S.C. §6777
 Iowa Code §§ 715C

I.C. Iowa Code
 Iowa Code § 715C

Description
Personal Information Security - Breach

U.S.C. - United States Code
 20 U.S.C. § 1232g
 47 U.S.C. §254

Description
Education - FERPA
Telecommunications - Common Carriers

Cross References

Code	Description
506.01	<u>Education Records Access</u>
506.01-R(1)	<u>Education Records Access - Regulation</u>
506.01-E(1)	<u>Education Records Access - Request of Nonparent for Examination or Copies of Education Records</u>
506.01-E(2)	<u>Education Records Access - Authorization for Release of Education Records</u>
506.01-E(3)	<u>Education Records Access - Request for Hearing on</u>

Correction of Education Records

- 506.01-E(4) Education Records Access - Request for Examination of Education Records
- 506.01-E(5) Education Records Access - Notification of Transfer of Education Records
- 506.01-E(6) Education Records Access - Letter to Parent Regarding Receipt of a Subpoena
- 506.01-E(7) Education Records Access - Juvenile Justice Agency Information Sharing Agreement
- 506.01-E(8) Education Records Access - Annual Notice
- 605.04 Technology and Instructional Materials
- 713 Responsible Technology Use & Social Networking
- 713-R(1) Responsible Technology Use & Social Networking - Regulation

**Regulation 712-R(1): Technology and Data Security - Security
Requirements of Third-Party Vendors Regulation**

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/10/2022 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 03/10/2022

11-21-22

The District must ensure proper safeguards and procedures exist to use third-party vendors as a resource to further educational functions. The following procedures shall be used to investigate and contract only with qualifying third-party vendors for the performance of necessary educational functions of the district; and to ensure that third-party vendors meet the required standards to be designated under the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) as a School Official to handle personally identifiable information (PII) within the district.

Third-party vendors may be designated by the district as a School Official when the vendor:

1. Performs an institutional service or function for which the school or district would otherwise use its own employees;
2. Has met the criteria set forth in the district's annual notification of FERPA rights for being a school official with a legitimate educational interest in the education records;
3. Is under the direct control of the district regarding the use and maintenance of education records; and
4. Uses education records only for authorized purposes and may not re-disclose PII from education records to other parties (unless the provider has specific authorization from the district to do so and is otherwise permitted by FERPA).

Third party vendor data use requirements shall include, but not be limited to the following:

1. The vendor implement and maintain security procedures and practices consistent with current industry standards; and
2. The vendor be prohibited from collecting and using PII for:
 - a. Targeted advertising;
 - b. Amassing a profile about a student or students except in furtherance of educational purposes;
 - c. Selling or renting PII for any purpose other than those expressly permitted by law; and
 - d. Disclosing PII for any purposes other than those expressly permitted by law.

I.C. Iowa Code

Iowa Code § 715C

Description

Personal Information Security - Breach

U.S.C. - United States Code

20 U.S.C. § 1232g

Description

Education - FERPA

47 U.S.C. §254

Telecommunications - Common Carriers

Cross References

Code	Description
506.01	<u>Education Records Access</u>
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506.01-E(1)	<u>Education Records Access - Request of Nonparent for Examination or Copies of Education Records</u>
506.01-E(2)	<u>Education Records Access - Authorization for Release of Education Records</u>
506.01-E(3)	<u>Education Records Access - Request for Hearing on Correction of Education Records</u>
506.01-E(4)	<u>Education Records Access - Request for Examination of Education Records</u>
506.01-E(5)	<u>Education Records Access - Notification of Transfer of Education Records</u>
506.01-E(6)	<u>Education Records Access - Letter to Parent Regarding Receipt of a Subpoena</u>
506.01-E(7)	<u>Education Records Access - Juvenile Justice Agency Information Sharing Agreement</u>
506.01-E(8)	<u>Education Records Access - Annual Notice</u>
605.04	<u>Technology and Instructional Materials</u>
713	<u>Responsible Technology Use & Social Networking</u>
713-R(1)	<u>Responsible Technology Use & Social Networking - Regulation</u>

Policy 713: Responsible Technology Use & Social Networking

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/09/2022 | **Last Revised Date:** 12/19/2023 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 11-21-22
12/19/2023

Computers, electronic devices and other technology are powerful and valuable education and research tools and, as such, are an important part of the instructional program. In addition, the school district depends upon technology as an integral part of administering and managing the schools' resources, including the compilation of data and recordkeeping for personnel, students, finances, supplies and materials. This policy outlines the board's expectations in regard to these different aspects of the school district's technology resources. Students, staff and volunteers must conduct themselves in a manner that does not disrupt the educational process and failure to do so may result in discipline, up to and including student discipline under all relevant district policies and discharge for employees.

General Provisions

The superintendent is responsible for designating a Technology Director who will oversee the use of school district technology resources. The Technology Director will prepare in-service programs for the training and development of school district staff and relevant volunteers in technology skills, appropriate use of district technology and for the incorporation of technology use in subject areas.

The superintendent, working with appropriate staff, shall establish regulations governing the use and security of the school district's technology resources. The school district will make every reasonable effort to maintain the security of the district networks and devices. All users of the school district's technology resources, including students, staff and volunteers, shall comply with this policy and regulation, as well as others impacting the use of school equipment and facilities. Failure to comply may result in disciplinary action, up to and including discharge or expulsion, as well as suspension and/or revocation of technology access privileges.

Usage of the school district's technology resources is a privilege, not a right, and that use entails responsibility. District-owned technology and district-maintained Internet-based collaboration software social media and e-mail accounts are the property of the school district. Therefore, users of the school district's network must not expect, nor does the school district guarantee, privacy for use of the school district's network websites visited. The school district reserves the right to access and view any material stored on school district equipment, within district-owned software or any material used in conjunction with the school district's network.

The superintendent, working with the appropriate staff, shall establish procedures governing management of technology records in order to exercise appropriate control over technology records, including financial, personnel and student information. The procedures will address at a minimum:

- passwords,
- system administration,
- separation of duties,
- remote access,
- data back-up (including archiving of e-mail),
- record retention, and
- disaster recovery plans.

Social Networking or Other External Web Sites

For purposes of this policy, any website, other than the school district website or school-school district sanctioned websites, are considered external websites. Employees and volunteers shall not post confidential or proprietary information, including photographic images, about the school district, its employees, students, agents or others on any external website without prior written consent of the superintendent. Employees and volunteers shall adhere to all applicable privacy and confidentiality policies adopted by the school district when on external websites. Employees, students and volunteers shall not use the school district logos, images, iconography, etc. on external websites unless authorized in advance by school administration. Employees shall not use school district time or property on external sites that are not in direct relation to the employee's job duties. Employees, students and volunteers need to realize that the internet is not a closed system and anything posted on an external site may be viewed by others. Employees, students and volunteers who don't want school administrators to know their personal information, should refrain from sharing it on the internet. Employees and volunteers should not connect with students via external websites without consent of the building level administrator.

Employees and volunteers who wish to connect with students through an Internet-based software application that is not District-approved must first obtain the prior written consent of the building administrator. At all times, no less than two licensed employees must have access to all accounts and interactions on the software application. Employees and volunteers who would like to start a social media site for school district-sanctioned activities should obtain prior written consent from the superintendent.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to develop administrative regulations implementing this policy.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code § 279.8.
282 I.A.C. 25, 26.

I.A.C. Iowa Administrative Code

282 I.A.C. 25

DescriptionEducational Examiners - Code of Professional Conduct

282 I.A.C. 26

Educational Examiners - Code of Rights and Responsibilities**Cross References****Code**

104

DescriptionAnti-Bullying/Harassment Policy

104-R(1)

Anti-Bullying/Harassment Policy - Investigation Procedures

104-E(1)

Anti-Bullying/Harassment Policy - Complaint Form

104-E(2)

Anti-Bullying/Harassment Policy - Witness Disclosure Form

104-E(3)

Anti-Bullying/Harassment Policy - Disposition of Complaint Form

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Administrator Code of Ethics

401.11

Employee Orientation

401.14

Employee Expression

604.11

Appropriate Use of Online Learning Platforms

712

Technology and Data Security

712-R(1)

Technology and Data Security - Security Requirements of Third-Party Vendors Regulation

**Regulation 713-R(1): Responsible Technology Use & Social Networking - Status: ADOPTED
Regulation**

Original Adopted Date: 03/09/2022 | **Last Revised Date:** 12/19/2023 | **Last Reviewed Date:** 11-21-22
12/19/2023

General

The following rules and regulations govern the use of the school district's network systems, employee access to the internet, and management of digital records:

- Employees will be issued a school district e-mail account. Passwords must be changed periodically.
- Each individual in whose name an access account is issued is responsible at all times for its proper use.
- Employees are expected to review their e-mail regularly and shall reply promptly to inquiries with information that the employee can reasonably be expected to provide.
- Communications with parents and/or students must be made on a school district computer, unless in the case of an emergency.
- Employees may access the internet for education-related and/or work-related activities.
- Employees shall refrain from using technology resources for personal use, including access to social networking sites.
- Use of the school district technology and school e-mail address is a public record. Employees cannot have an expectation of privacy in the use of the school district's network and technology
- Use of technology resources in ways that violate the acceptable use and conduct regulation, outlined below, will be subject to discipline, up to and including discharge.
- Use of the school district's network is a privilege, not a right. Inappropriate use may result in the suspension or revocation of that privilege.
- Off-site access to the school district network will be determined by the superintendent in conjunction with appropriate personnel.
- All network users are expected to abide by the generally accepted rules of network etiquette. This includes being polite and using only appropriate language. Abusive language, vulgarities and swear words are all inappropriate.
- Network users identifying a security problem on the school district's network must notify appropriate staff. Any network user identified as a security risk or having a history of violations of school district technology use guidelines may be denied access to the school district's network.
- Employees are representatives of the district at all times and must model appropriate character, both on and off the worksite. This applies to material posted with personal devices and on personal websites and/or social media accounts. Posted messages or pictures which diminish the professionalism or discredit the capacity to maintain respect of students and parents may result in disciplinary action up to and including termination if the content posted is found to be disruptive to the educational environment and adversely impacts the employee's ability to effectively serve as a role model or perform his/her job duties for the district. The type of material that would affect an employee's ability to serve as an appropriate role model includes, but is not limited to, text or

depictions involving hate speech, nudity, obscenity, vulgarity or sexually explicit content. Employee communications with students should be limited as appropriate. If there is any uncertainty, employees should consult their building administrator.

Prohibited Activity and Uses

The following is a list of prohibited activity for all employees concerning use of the school district's network. Any violation of these prohibitions may result in discipline, up to and including discharge, or other appropriate penalty, including suspension or revocation of a user's access to the network.

- Using the network for commercial activity, including advertising, or personal gain.
- Infringing on any copyrights or other intellectual property rights, including copying, installing, receiving, transmitting or making available any copyrighted software on the school district network. *See Policy 605.07, Use of Information Resources* for more information.
- Using the network to receive, transmit or make available to others obscene, offensive, or sexually explicit material
- Using the network to receive, transmit or make available to others messages that are racist, sexist, and abusive or harassing to others.
- Use of another's account or password.
- Attempting to read, delete, copy or modify the electronic mail (e-mail) of other system users.
- Forging or attempting to forge e-mail messages.
- Engaging in vandalism. Vandalism is defined as any malicious attempt to harm or destroy school district equipment or materials, data of another user of the school district's network or of any of the entities or other networks that are connected to the Internet. This includes, but is not limited to, creating and/or placing a virus on the network.
- Using the network to send anonymous messages or files.
- Revealing the personal address, telephone number or other personal information of oneself or another person.
- Intentionally disrupting network traffic or crashing the network and connected systems.
- Installing personal software or using personal technology on the school district's technology and/or network without the permission of the Superintendent.
- Using the network in a fashion inconsistent with directions from teachers and other staff and generally accepted network etiquette.

Other Technology Issues

Employees should contact students and their parents through the school district's technology or phone system unless in the case of an emergency or with prior consent of the principal. Employees should not release their cell phone number, personal e-mail address, etc. to students or their parents.

I.C. Iowa Code

Iowa Code § 279.8

Description

Directors - General Rules - Bonds of Employees

I.A.C. Iowa Administrative Code

Description

282 I.A.C. 25

Educational Examiners - Code of Professional Conduct

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712

Technology and Data Security

712-R(1)

Technology and Data Security - Security Requirements of Third-Party Vendors Regulation